

WANTS
ONE CENT
ONE WORD
ONE ISSUE
THE COLONIST.

The Daily Colonist.

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THE COLONIST.

VOL LXXIV.--NO. 481

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA SUNDAY AUGUST 4 1895.

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR

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Of the best and prettiest things in Sterling Silver Novelties has reached us. **AS FOR CLOCKS**, we have opened up some beautiful creations in Onyx, Marble, etc. All splendid time keepers. Drop in and see these things for yourself—newspaper space is not big enough to properly describe their beauties in.

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Don't get their feet cut on shells, barnacles, etc., with a pair of our BATHING SLIPPERS on. Light and Cheap. We have all the Latest Styles of Shoes for wearing when you come out of the water.

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23 lbs. Sugar for \$1.00.
5 lb. Pail Jam, 50c.
American Ham and Bacon, 14c.
Fine Table Butter, 15c.

We are not in it at these prices for they are made for you. Don't be afraid.
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WORLD-FAMOUS

NOT DEARER THAN OTHERS, BUT BETTER.

KEEWATIN FLOUR

Will give you the Best
Results in Bread Making.

LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING CO.

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JUST WHAT THE DOCTOR ORDERED.

Nothing more. Nothing less. That's what we put in prescriptions.

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Turkish, Persian, Royal Boukara and Camels' Hair

Rugs and Carpets!

Palace Embroideries, Moorish Draperies, Mosque Hangings, etc.
WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 7, FROM 11 A.M. TO 5 P.M.
47 Fort Street, next door to the office of Pemberton & Sons.

Mr. M. B. Mibram, a native of Turkey, an extensive traveler in his native country and who personally bought the rare Oriental art goods will be present to describe this superb collection of

DRAPERIES, RUGS AND CARPETS.

ADMISSION TO THE EXHIBITION.—In order to avoid over-crowding and to give every facility for examining these goods, admission will be strictly by ticket.

A Marvellous Rug belonging to the late Shah Suleyman, of Persia, will be exhibited.

This most Recherche collection to be sold by

PUBLIC AUCTION,

Thursday and Friday, Aug. 8 and 9,
AT 2 O'CLOCK P.M.

By Messrs. H. Cuthbert & Co., on the above premises. Nearly \$1,000 worth of similar goods to these were sold by us here last year, and we take pleasure in informing our patrons and friends that, if possible, this collection is better than the last.

Terms of Auction sale—CASH.
HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Leading Auctioneers.

VICTORIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC.

ENGAGEMENT OF

Miss Olive E. Agnew for Department
of Elocution, Delsarte and
Dramatic Training.

Miss Agnew is prepared to receive pupils during the summer. Those desirous of taking lessons in the above branches will please apply to Principal, at Conservatory, 285 Yates street, between the hours of 1 and 2 p.m.

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MEAL TICKET

21 MEALS \$4.00—IN ADVANCE.

Cor. Wharf & Johnson Sts., Victoria, B.C.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS FROM 6 A.M. TO 9 P.M.

NOT TRANSFERABLE.

ONE NIGHT IN A MODERN BALL ROOM.

EXHIBITION ON THE LATEST SOCIETY DANCING.
A. O. U. W. HALL, FRIDAY EVE'G, AUGUST 9.

All lovers of delightful music and dancing will find plenty of amusement on the evening of August 9th, at the A. O. U. W. Hall. Ten new artistic dances, with beautiful and special music, will be presented by Prof. M. C. Aker, assisted by a number of young dancing people (especially trained for the occasion). Tickets are 50 cents, because we want you all to see the latest compositions of modern dancing and to criticize our works. Interesting speeches on dancing, teaching, how dancing should be introduced, etc. All new features presented at intervals not to interfere with those wishing to dance. At the conclusion a Grand Ball.

Respectfully,
M. C. AKER, Member A.N.A.M.O.D.

VICTORIA COLLEGE

BEACON HILL PARK,

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE)

Re-Opens for Autumn Term

Monday, September 2nd.

For Boarding or Day Prospectus apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

A. O. U. W.

Members of Vancouver Lodge, No. 5, A. O. U. W., are requested to meet at the Lodge room TO-DAY (Sunday) at 2 p.m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of late Brother A. J. Rowbotham. Members of Sister Lodges and sojourning brethren invited.

JAMES CRITCHLEY, Recorder.

LIVERPOOL FOR VICTORIA DIRECT

The British Ship

CELTIC QUEEN

Will sail from Liverpool for Victoria about the middle of October. Cargo may be engaged and further particulars obtained on application to the undersigned.

R. P. RITHET & CO., LD.

New Advertisements Continued on Page Eight

CABLE LETTER.

Proposed Antarctic Explorations—
Another Royal Wedding in Con-
templation—The Queen.

London Athletic Club and That of New York—Chamberlain and Imperial Federation.

(Copyright by the Associated Press, 1895.)

LONDON, Aug. 4.—The International Geographical Congress, which closes this evening, developed nothing original save the proposition for Antarctic explorations. The foreign delegates to the congress, generally speaking, are satisfied with the decision to meet in Berlin in 1896, instead of at Washington. Gen. A. W. Greely is, however, grievously disappointed, and attributed the decision of the congress entirely to the attitude of Judge Charles P. Daly, president of the American Geographical Society. At the meeting of the committee, according to General Greely, Judge Daly stated that America was not ready for an

INTERNATIONAL GEOGRAPHICAL CONGRESS. The judge, it appears, claimed it would be too hot in Washington, although it was not proposed to hold the congress until late in September. Continuing, General Greely said he was an American and wanted the congress to meet in the United States. Several German members of the committee who have spoken on the subject express wonder at Judge Daly's course. He thinks the work of the present congress will do much to cement the good feeling between the two countries, and it is interesting to note the growing respect for scientific questions considered from an American standpoint. Gen. Greely's views of Judge Daly's course, however, are not shared by his colleagues, who are apparently in favor of the decision to hold the next meeting of Congress in Berlin.

CONCERNING ROYALTY.

The Queen will give two state banquets in the Indian room at Osborne, in honor of the Emperor William of Germany, who will be entertained also by the Prince of Wales on board the royal yacht Osborne. For these entertainments a large quantity of plate has been sent to Osborne from Windsor.

The Princess of Wales is going to Cowes for yachting week and will proceed to Copenhagen and stay with her parents, the King and Queen of Denmark, at Castle Bernstorff.

According to good authority, the marriage of Prince Christian of Denmark, eldest son of Prince Frederick of Denmark, who is the heir apparent to the throne, with one of the Prince of Wales' daughters will shortly be arranged. The Prince, who was born September 26, 1870, will inherit the greater part of the immense fortune of his mother, Princess Louise, daughter of King Carl XV of Sweden and Norway, who was the richest heiress in Europe when she married Prince Frederick in July, 1869.

During the recent fine weather Queen Victoria was seen taking tea in a charming alcove on the east terrace of Osborne, whence a splendid view of the gardens is obtained. Her Majesty is a great lover of chess and follows the Hastings tournament with great interest. She rarely plays now, but can beat any member of the royal family except her eldest daughter, the ex-Empress Frederick of Germany, who is a very skillful player. The Queen was taught to play chess by her husband, the Prince Consort, Prince Albert of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, who died December 14, 1861.

INTERNATIONAL ATHLETICS.

A representative of the Associated Press made inquiries into sensational reports circulated in the United States, in spite of the fact that their accuracy has been repeatedly denied by persons in authority here, to the effect that the London Athletic Club is hesitating about sending over a team to meet the New York Athletic Club team. The result is that the Associated Press is authorized to deny these reports which are nothing more than the invention of sensation mongers. There has been some little difficulty regarding the formation of the London Athletic Club team, but there never has been a question raised which would in any way suggest that the English athletes intended to withdraw from the agreement to meet the Americans. The only difference of opinion was one which prevailed respecting the men to be selected. The home team objected to men such as Irish athletes being included, and contended that all members of the London Athletic club should be Englishmen of some social standing. A meeting of the committee of the London Athletic club was then held and a lively discussion took place, during which it was claimed that the New York Athletic Club is recruiting outside New York such men as Tom O'Connor, Jewett and Crimm. In order to meet the London Athletic Club the upshot of the meeting was that it was decided to include in the London Athletic Club's team the best men obtainable in the various branches of athletics, no matter what their position in life, and that is all there was to the sensational story, which claimed that it was "exceedingly doubtful whether or not a meeting would be brought about." There was never any doubt in the matter.

RIGHT HON. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN secretary of state for the colonies, has written an important letter to a friend in which he indicates his views upon the Imperial Federation question. Mr. Chamberlain said he had taken office with two objects, first to see whether something could not be done to "bring the self-governing colonies and ourselves closer together; second, an attempt to develop the resources of the crown in colonies would especially be made to increase trade between them and the mother country.

INDIAN CHEROOTS, large size, 3 for 25c; medium size, 4 for 25c; at Harry Salmon's.

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

Have you seen that line of Chenille Covers and Curtains at Weller Bros.

THE NEWS FROM LONDON.

Turkey's Reply on Armenian Reforms Not Satisfactory—King of Denmark Sick.

Sensation in German Politics—Beginning of a Bitter War on the Chancellor.

LONDON, Aug. 3.—The reply of the Turkish government to the notes of the Powers regarding reforms in Armenia, is not regarded as satisfactory. At the foreign embassies it was looked upon as consisting of nothing more than a criticism of the proposed scheme for reform in Armenia. The British Mediterranean squadron remains at Budhum.

The pilgrim Americans who arrived at Rome yesterday under the leadership of Rev. Dr. William Smith, of the Fathers of Mercy of New York city, will be received by the Pope to-morrow.

King Christian is suffering from a recurrence of catarrh of the bladder. It is hoped that the attack is not serious, but his illness, in view of his age, is causing much anxiety.

There have been two sensational facts in German politics this week. One was the commencement of a series of campaigns against the Chancellor, Prince Hohenlohe, and the other was the affront offered the latter by the Austrian Premier, Count Goluchowsky, and the consequent estrangement of the two leading statesmen of the allied powers. The Goluchowsky-Hohenlohe affair is being carefully cloaked off-ally in Berlin as well as in Vienna. It appears that Prince Hohenlohe, soon after arriving at Auessee, had an audience with the Emperor Francis Joseph and, according to an understanding arrived at with the Emperor, Prince Hohenlohe wrote a friendly letter to his new colleague, Prince Goluchowsky, who was at Ischl, near by, asking for a long and confidential conference, and inviting him to his estate at Auessee. The Austrian Premier replied, telling Prince Hohenlohe that he would be glad to see him later on at Vienna, hundreds of miles off. The Chancellor, felt that Count Goluchowsky's response was an insult, and did not make any reply. The conference, therefore, did not occur, and when Count Goluchowsky, after an interview with the Austrian Emperor, tried to make amends for his rudeness by sending a courier to Auessee announcing his coming, Prince Hohenlohe replied that he was going hunting and could not see the count.

The attacks upon Prince Hohenlohe, after a series of insinuations and reproaches, especially from the Agrarian and Radical press, have been simultaneously inaugurated in earnest by the leading Conservative organ, the Kreuzzeitung, and by the Freisinnige party mouthpiece, the Vossische Zeitung. The latter has devoted several columns showing that Prince Hohenlohe is unreliable in his promises, unstable in his policy and convictions, and therefore quite unfitted for the position which he occupies. These attacks are construed as the beginning of a bitter war on the Chancellor. The situation is similar to that of a year ago, when General von Caprivi was hunted down.

A quarantine against trans-Atlantic cattle, aimed especially against American cattle, will be enforced in Germany on October 1.

The organ of the Russian sympathizers in Sofia suggests that in view of the possible abdication of Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, Prince George of Greece may be invited to the throne.

There has been a great number of suicides in the army during the past fortnight, and there were three cases of self-destruction in one regiment. In addition, during the manoeuvres of Mannheim, four soldiers were killed by sunstroke.

Prince Bismarck is in excellent health just now. He takes daily walks and drives, but Dr. Schweninger insists upon a plain diet and orders him to avoid excitement and visitors.

The German exports for the past six months shows an increase of 165,000,000 marks compared with the same period of 1894. The increase in sugar alone is 45,300,000 marks.

The Emperor is negotiating for the purchase of the castle of Dwaissen, on the island of Rugen, in the Baltic, where the Imperial children are spending the summer. The Empress has not yet completely recovered her health and is still unable to join her children, but her condition is not very serious. On his way to England, where he will attend the Cowes regatta, Emperor William will touch at Heligoland in order to see what measures are necessary to keep that tiny rock from crumbling away.

MISSIONARY MASSACRES.

United States Investigations Into Occurrences In China.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 3.—Under instructions from the state department, United States Minister Denby is engaged in investigating the damages sustained by the American missions at Chong-tu, China, during a riot there. The Chinese government has already given assurances that it will pay a suitable indemnity, and has taken steps to ascertain for itself, through a commission, the extent of the loss sustained for the foreigners.

DUNCAN.

DUNCAN, Aug. 3.—Captain Salmon and F. H. Price went up to Cowichan Lake on the Lakeside hotel stage on Friday.

Early parcels of oats and wheat have been out and put in "shook" and very early plums are ripening. The continuance of drought is marked, although no serious result is anticipated in this (Cowichan) settlement.

BIRD BREAD

Keeps Scavengers healthy.

For sale by

C. H. BOWES,

Prescription Druggist,
100 Government Street,
Next door Hall & Goepel.

SPORTS AND PASTIMES.

Victoria Wins a Sweeping Victory Over the Vancouver Cricket Team.

Progress of the Tennis Tournament—The Bicycle and Yacht Races Yesterday.

The Victoria Cricket Club administered a crushing defeat to Vancouver yesterday at the Caledonia ground before the largest and most appreciative gathering that ever witnessed a cricket match in British Columbia. By an innings and 42 runs they proved that their previous victory at Brockton Point on June 29 last was gained on its merits, and it only remains for them to defeat the United Navy to stamp this season's team of the V. C. C. as the best that has ever played the English national game in the Northwest. Pooley lost the toss and Saunders, captain of the Terminal City men, went to the bat, sending in Sinclair and Deane to bowl. Wallis and A. T. Goward. Both men played very careful cricket, and though runs came slowly, the bowling being well on the spot, the score was taken to 38 before a separation was effected, Wallis bowling Deane off his pads. Sinclair lost his wicket in the same manner shortly afterwards, having made 21 runs in his usually perfect style. After this misfortune came thick and fast to Vancouver, none save Saunders offering any resistance to the bowling of Wallis and Barnes. Saunders playing very carefully carried his bat for 12. Wallis with his last four balls secured three wickets, and just missed doing the hat trick. Victoria with such a small score against them started well, Pooley putting together 12 runs before falling a victim to a shooter from Deane. Morley who has scored consistently through the season made 26 by good cricket, and Holt, Wallis, Drake, Ward and Fox all made double figures. The last hit one to leg for 6 far over an adjoining residence. The innings of the day, however, was that of Captain Barnes, who, going in second wicket down, carried off his bat for a magnificent 64. Amongst his hits were two 6's and five 3's, and though he gave a hard chance to Frapp when he had made 25, his innings was a very sound exhibition of cricket. If he erred at all it was in being too careful, but this is a fault which many batsmen would do well to imitate. The Vancouver bowling was never really dangerous, but their fielding was wonderfully fine, Frapp especially doing a lot of good work in the long field, saving many hits from reaching the boundary. Saunders' wicket-keeping was as usual nearly perfect, extras cutting a very small figure in the grand total. Vancouver being 128 runs behind had not an easy task in their second innings, and though they made an excellent beginning, the first three wickets putting on 54 runs, they fell to pieces at the finish and were all out for 86. J. W. Sinclair again played well for 28, as did Saunders and Morley for 10 and 18 respectively, and C. J. Loewen hit up 15 very pluckily, but the Victoria men stuck well to their work, their fielding being a surprise to those who have witnessed their matches in previous seasons. Hardly a ball got past a fielder, the picking up was quick and clean, and the way in which the ball was returned to Smith kept the wicket-keeper's saturnine countenance wreathed in smiles. Being well served, Smith had a chance to show what he could do, and his work was clean enough to remind the spectators of Alfred Lyttelton in his palmiest days. Wallis took 8 wickets for 31 runs in the first innings, and in the second Morley took four for 16, and A. T. Goward four for the same number. The wicket bumped a little in Vancouver's first attempt, but afterwards played very well.

VANCOUVER.	
1st Innings.	2nd Innings.
J. W. Sinclair, b Wallis, 21	c and b Goward, 28
E. B. Deane, b Wallis, 18	b Wallis, 12
H. Morley, c Goward, 8	b Barnes, 10
Barnes, 10	c Pooley, b Morley, 18
H. K. Flint, b Wallis, 0	not out, 1
T. S. Saunders, not out, 12	c Fox, b Barnes, 10
E. Senkler, c Drake, 0	b Morley, 10
Wallis, 0	b Morley, 10
C. H. Kennard, 0	c and b Goward, 0
Barnes, 0	c and b Goward, 0
A. G. Thynne, b Wallis, 0	b Morley, 0
E. M. T. Drake, run out, 0	c Fox, b Goward, 0
C. J. Loewen, b Wallis, 0	c Drake, b Goward, 15
J. F. Sugrue, b Wallis, 0	b w b Morley, 0
Extras, 7	Extras, 8
Total, 86	Total, 128

VICTORIA C. C.

VICTORIA C. C.	
C. E. Pooley, b Deane, 12	12
A. G. Smith, c Thynne, b Sinclair, 8	8
S. F. Morley, c Sinclair, b Senkler, 23	23
G. E. Barnes, not out, 61	61
S. S. Holt, b w b Deane, 10	10
W. Wallis, b Deane, 25	25
B. Goward, c Deane, b Sinclair, 8	8
A. T. Goward, b Sinclair, 0	0
A. Senkler, run out, 12	12
W. A. Ward, c Saunders, b Deane, 12	12
C. G. Fox, b Saunders, 12	12
Extras, 8	8
Total, 197	Total, 197

NAVY V. VANCOUVER.

Following is the score made in the cricket match between H.M.S. Royal Arthur and Vancouver:

H. M. S. "ROYAL ARTHUR."	
1st Innings.	2nd Innings.
Corp. Glover, c Thynne, 0	0
Makon, 0	1 b w Sinclair, 17
Capt. Barnes, R.M.A., 33	b Deane, 6
Lt. Davy, b Deane, 11	b Deane, 0
E. Wigmore, c Kennard, 0	c Sinclair, b Ken, 10
b Senkler, 11	nard, 10
C. M. C. Mulholland, at Saunders, b Sinclair, 1	b Deane, 11
Lt. Phipps-Hornby, at Saunders, b Sinclair, 3	c Deane, b Senkler, 25
Lt. Ommanney, R. M., 29	b Deane, 15
Lt. Barracough, b Sinclair, 5	not out, 42
Lt. Walter, b Senkler, 19	b Deane, 1
Dr. Browne, b Flint, 18	b Sinclair, 9
Lt. Hon. V. Saunders, 0	at Saunders, 9
b Deane, 0	Deane, 11
C. J. Loewen, run out, 0	Extras, 11
Extras, 9	Extras, 11
Total, 133	Total, 138

VANCOUVER.

J. W. Sinclair, b Hornby, 0

E. B. Deane, b Walter, 16

E. Makon, b Walter, 20

W. H. Flint, b Walter, 0

T. S. C. Saunders, c Stanley, b Barnes, 17

A. Senkler, run out, 0

Lt. Hon. V. Saunders, 9

C. H. Kennard, b Walter, 0

A. G. Thynne, c Hornby, b Walter, 9

R. M. Frapp, run out, 0

C. J. Loewen, run out, 0

A. Malina, not out, 0

Extras, 3

Total, 77

VICTORIA COLLEGE VS. BATTALION.

The return match between the above

Continued on Page Eight.

MEETINGS AT AGASSIZ.

What Was Done by the British Columbia Farmers and Fruit Growers in Convention.

Insect Pests and the Best Way to Deal With Them—Must Spray.

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

The British Columbia Fruit Growers' Association convened at Agassiz on Friday morning. His Honor Lieutenant Governor Dewdney presided.

Mr. Fletcher, government entomologist, was the first speaker called upon. After referring to the suitable climate and soil of British Columbia for fruit growing, he said that in the Upper Country he had seen fruit trees less affected by pests than any trees in America. He had not visited other sections of the country. He had heard that in some places the crops were badly affected by pests. If he believed for an instant the reports of British Columbia fruit culture there was no country in the world as bad as this province. A specimen of the San Jose scale, said to be from British Columbia, had been sent to him. He visited the section from which the scale was said to have come and was happy to say that he had found no trace of the scale, and as far as he could find out, the San Jose scale in a living condition was not in evidence in the province at all. (Applause.)

He remarked that something he had heard at yesterday's meeting reminded him that his title was a long and high sounding one; but that some farmers in despair of remembering it all, called him the bug and weed man. He referred in detail to the "black spot" and the "potato rot." These diseases could be controlled in British Columbia to a paying extent, as at present large proportions of crops were destroyed by them. There were 100 to 125 pests that attack the crops in Canada, and the effect of these pests might be reduced 95 per cent. The treatment for the green aphid, which attacks apple trees, having been explained, he continued: The fact had been mentioned that in different countries the treatment of pests must be different; that the same results cannot be obtained in British Columbia on plants and trees as are obtained in Europe or even Ottawa. Entomologists cannot account for this but the fact is apparent. The remedy in British Columbia for "green aphid" is soap and tobacco or quassa. At present tobacco is easily obtained, and when it cannot be got from the factories it can be grown. It is not known why quassa kills insects.

Detailed and very instructive remarks were made by Prof. Fletcher on insects and their different stages of existence, and the shapes and nature of the mouths of insects. Some insects have jaws, and others suck with a tube-shaped mouth; these are the true bugs. A mistake the people in Ontario make is to call nearly all animals smaller than a horse, a bug. All remedies are devised according to the kind of mouth insects have. Paris green was a simple and very effective remedy for plants. It might be mixed with wood ashes as a dilutant, as wood ashes are good for the soil. One pound of paris green, one pound of fresh lime and 200 gallons of water is the best mixture. The formula should be accurate—very accurate—it should not be added to or taken from. After three years' experimenting with potato rot, the results of their labors at Ottawa had been so remarkable that they thought it their duty to give the information obtained to all the farmers in the country. It was so with spraying. Everyone who grows fruit should spray. A description of the different nozzles for spraying was given, and fruit growers were warned not to get a cheap nozzle, but the Riley Cyclone nozzle, or one invented after the same plan. The trees must be sprayed, not a jet of the liquid thrown on the plants. Nature must be imitated in her distribution of dew. The British Columbia government was publishing the very best colonial agricultural report ever published in any colony, and the provincial government in that respect was doing great good to the farmers. The agricultural report to the B. C. legislature is just what it should be. Prof. Fletcher spoke highly of the usefulness of Deputy Minister of Agriculture Anderson, his ability and energy. British Columbia had possibilities for growing fruit that made everyone marvel that visited here.

Prof. Macoun had been called a lunatic because he said many years ago that the Northwest would be a great wheat country, for the reason that the same wild plants grew there as grew in the wheat countries elsewhere. In British Columbia the indications are of a country that can produce some crops that cannot be equalled in the world. All that is needed is a market for them. He was so impressed with British Columbia as a fruit country and a country that had so many other natural advantages that he would like to live here for the rest of his days. (Applause.)

In answer to questions, Prof. Fletcher said he could find no trace of "codlin moth" in British Columbia, and referred to the government's attempts to keep codlin moth out of the orchards of the province, justifying their heroic measures to accomplish this desire, and speaking of them as wise and necessary.

Mr. Henry, president of the Fruit Growers' Association, said that all the fruit growers in the province had met with disappointments, more or less. They should learn, if possible, to what these disappointments were due. Nine years ago they told him that in this province you only had to plant a tree, and nature would do the rest; the crop would be abundant, etc., etc. That was the impression here then and the lively fruit tree agent sold an abundance of bogus trees. The fruit grower cannot get around that old saying "Man must earn his bread by the sweat of his brow." He must work like other men.

Many fruit growers are discouraged; let them study the cause of their discouragement before giving up. Plums and prunes alone hold the record of British Columbia's early days. They require little attention, but good cultivation and care is not wasted upon them. There is another way to look at it; if all fruits had thriven like plums and prunes agriculture would have been neglected. Now the only one who gets his reward is the devoted, painstaking fruit grower who tries to excel in his calling. Perhaps it is better this way. If nature doesn't do more than her share the "fittest survive" and fruit growing is not overdone. To be successful we must read, study and practise all the approved methods. There is a remedy for every trouble that arises in fruit growing. The government employees are constantly studying these remedies for us, and we may have the advantage of their labors. We cannot enjoy the good things without striving for them. Often because we have to strive for them we call them good.

The speaker then effectively illustrated this sentiment by several verses of poetry. In other countries the fruit growers have as many obstacles as we have. In the East the

fruit is affected with disease different from our diseases, but still it is affected, and their climate is no better than ours. This year they have had spring frost and drought and many of their orchards are destitute of fruit, and the fruit growers to the south of us are also afflicted with many troubles.

The Professor went on to say: "I am not speaking idly, for I have had a practical experience of nine years in this country, and a longer experience in Ontario, and I say there is as much hope in this province as there ever was. As for co-operation, through the province there are district associations formed for the purpose of marketing fruit, but we should guard against districts working in opposition to one another through jealousy. We should send to Manitoba and the Northwest fruits, particularly plums, in large quantities; but we must guard against glutting some markets and leaving others alone. To do these things properly we must amalgamate in one association, and move unitedly, for these mistakes are more likely to occur by districts working against one another than by adopting the every-man-for-himself plan. I hope each fruit grower in attendance at this meeting will go home with the determination to work for the good of our cause, and may his motto be 'Prosper our industry.'"

Prof. Saunders read a number of interesting notes written by Jno. Craig, professor of horticulture, for the Agassiz convention, on spraying.

J. G. Earle, Lytton, said that after a trip through the country he was satisfied that British Columbia could grow all the fruit necessary for their own markets and have a large quantity for export. The serious question is that of transport. The fruit would have to be sent from the Upper Country to the mining towns which are constantly growing in population. He strongly approved of canneries being started. The quartz mines were lasting, and we must prepare to take the place of the Yankees in supplying our interior markets with fruit and vegetables. Irrigation is badly wanted in the Upper Country, and he thought the Canadian government who hold so much land for sale there should help them irrigate. The provincial government should not be asked. The Upper Country fruit beats the California fruit. Oregon apples should never come into this country.

Prof. Sharp, of the provincial experimental farm, gave a list of the fruits best adapted to British Columbia: Apples, early, the "Yellow Transparent"; late—the "Wealthy" and the "Ribstone Pippin"; still later—the "Baldwin" and the "Stark," and the "Salome." Peaches—The "Russian" pear had turned out best at this early stage of his experiments. Eighty or ninety varieties have not yet fruited, but he would recommend the "Bartlett" and the "Hardy." He advised no one to go into peaches as a mercantile venture in British Columbia. Last year "coul leaf" affected the peaches. They were sprayed and this year there is no "coul leaf." Plums—One of the best plums is the "Guell," another is the "Victoria" which is harder to grow. The "American Violet" and the Hudson river "Purple Egg" are fine plums and prolific growers. The "Niagara," "Yellow Egg" and "Grand Duke," he would recommend, and for smaller plums the "Washington" and "Green Gage" are free producers and of good quality. Apricots and nectarines he would advise no one to grow. Among cherries the "Cumberland" is a free producer and a fine cherry; also "Late Red" the "Black Republic" and the "Royal Ann."

Among strawberries the "Warfield" is the best. The "Wilson" is also very prolific and fine when well fertilized. The "Wilson" is best for shipping. Fifty varieties had been tested. Of raspberries for home use the "Dr. Hogg" and "Joseph Hooker" are the best he ever ate, but for an all-round useful berry he liked the "Cuthbert." For a yellow berry the "Golden Queen" is the best. The finest blackberry is the "Erie." The "Taylor" and "Snyder" are also very free producers, as well as the "Early King." The "Cumberland Fill-basket" he also thought very highly of and thought it would take the place of the "Cuthbert" eventually. The current he would not recommend as a commercial venture. The red or white "Dutch" are the best. He could not speak of gooseberries, as they were badly affected with mildew. In another year by energetic treatment he would have better results. The mulberries are doing well, but he did not think them worth planting.

In answer to a question Prof. Sharp said that the "Duchess of Oldenburg" was a very fine early apple. For baking the "Jersey Sweet" is the best. English lillibets had done very well and are a better nut than are imported to the province. The lillibets should be cultivated. Figs did not mature satisfactorily and would not be profitable. Our best markets in the Northwest are not in the cities, but at the smaller stations. The cities are glutted almost every year.

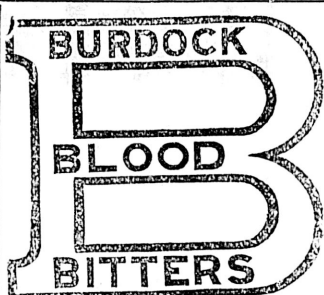
In answering the question box Prof. Sharp said the Golden Drop prune or the French prune Petite are prolific bearers.

Prof. Saunders spoke of the Agassiz experimental farm. It was established six years ago, and Prof. Sharp's work was worthy of the highest commendation. There were 1,800 varieties of fruit on the farm, and the experiments were of great value to the farmers. He warned those present against dishonest tree agents, and said the experimental farm would aid them in intelligently avoiding being deceived. He spoke highly of the ability and energy of Prof. Sharp who had done the work set out for him in an admirable way. His reports were invaluable and should be carefully read by everyone. The Agassiz farm is the largest test orchard for fruits in the world, and before many years there will be no building big enough for the Agassiz fruit exhibit.

Mr. R. M. Palmer, fruit inspector, said that after his trip through the Upper Country he was convinced that the possibilities of fruit growing in this province were not sufficiently appreciated. He and the bench land the best for fruit growing. Large tracts of land in the Upper Country could be brought under cultivation without expensive irrigation. In Kamloops he never saw such a wonderful development of fruit. The Salmon River district should be developed. In that section, as in other sections of the Upper Country, there is an entire absence of fungus growth. Fruit growers, he urged, should unite in shipping. We need a central shipping association.

Mr. Henry Kipp, Chilliwack, said that he wished to refer to a statement of Prof. Saunders that the Chilliwack soil was not as rich as Agassiz soil. The soil, he thought, was different a few yards apart. As for Agassiz, he would call it a gravel bed, and Prof. Sharp deserved all the more credit for what he had done with that gravel bed. Another sample of Chilliwack soil would be sent to Ottawa from his own farm to be tested. Mr. Kipp spoke highly of British Columbia, where he had farmed for thirty years, and thought there was a great future for the farmers of the province. He urged upon those present to encourage with all their might the co-operation of the farmers. Mr. Hulbert, secretary of the newly formed Fruit Growers' Association, addressed the meeting on the hop aphid, and asked for a committee to consider the best means of

Continued on Third Page.



BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS
CURES
**DYSPEPSIA,
BAD BLOOD,
CONSTIPATION,
KIDNEY TROUBLES,
HEADACHE,
BILIOUSNESS.**

B.B.B. unlocks all the secretions and removes all impurities from the system from a common impure to the most scrupulous sore.

BURDOCK PILLS act gently yet thoroughly on the Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

Advertisements under the heads of Lost, Found, For Sale or To Let and Situations Wanted will be inserted at the rate of one cent a word for each insertion. Payment always in advance. No advertisement received for less than twenty-five cents.

WANTS.

WANTED—A female servant. Apply No. 6 South Turner street.

WANTED—A thoroughly qualified groom, who is willing to make himself generally useful; must have good credentials. Apply immediately to A. C. Flumerfelt. au2-11

TO LET OR LEASE.

TO LET—Furnished rooms with use of kitchen and bath. Elmore House, 101 Pandora street. au3-1m

TO LET—Furnished rooms, with or without board. No. 48 Birdcage Walk. au3-6t

TO LET—Owing to moving into larger premises, the large brick and iron warehouse, with stone basement, on Water St., Vancouver, B. C., with railway siding and water front immediately in rear. For particulars apply Messrs. E. G. Prior & Co. jy30-1m-11

TO LET—Neatly furnished front rooms, with use of kitchen if required. Apply at 139 Michigan St. jy30-12t

TO LET—6-roomed house, No. 115 Superior street; rent reduced to \$18 per month; 8-roomed house on Cadboro Bay; rent reduced to \$15 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR RENT—Two nicely furnished rooms; one on upper floor, one on lower. Apply 66 Rae street. jy20

TO LET—For the summer or longer, the Maple Bay House, Maple Bay, with about 2 acres fruit bearing orchard, and 100 acres sheep run, if wanted. This is the finest and prettiest place on the island for anyone seeking health or pleasure, nice beach, fine fishing, good shooting, etc. Apply at the Alderley, Duncan, Wm. Beaumont. m10-11

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE or to be exchanged for a pony or a cow, a pair of goats, with cart and harness complete. Apply 29 Kane street. au3-2t

FOR SALE—Desirable residential property. Lot No. 515, 6x120; one and a half story cottage; can be seen from 3 till 5 o'clock. For particulars apply 33 Quebec St. au2-6t

FOR SALE—A fruit stand at 83 Douglas St. Apply on premises. jy31-6t

FOR SALE—A six horse engine and boiler in first-class condition. For particulars apply to A. F. Barham, 11 Government St. jy30-6t

FOR SALE—20 acres at Alberni for \$1,600, payable \$100 cash, balance 4 years at 7 per cent, 30 acres near McPherson's station, 3 acres cleared, 7 acres planted, chicken house and shed, cheap at \$500; 70 acres adjoining the above, 7 acres cleared, dwelling house, 2 barns and chicken house, a bargain at \$550. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—Seven acres; fine Orchard of 2 acres at Gordon Head; 5 acres cleared, \$1,500; 50 acres 12 miles from Victoria, dwelling, chicken house and stable, cheap at \$550. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—A snap on Pandora street, six-roomed cottage, only \$1,250. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street.

FOR SALE—One of the best farms in South Saanich, on the East road about 10 miles from Victoria Post Office, containing 100 acres; about 50 acres cleared and under cultivation; 8-roomed house, good farm buildings; over 300 fruit trees, all first-class land, splendid spring of water. The farm is close to the Victoria & Sidney Railway. For further particulars apply to A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. au26

FOR SALE—A fine mansion and outbuildings with all possible conveniences, in Quamichan District, together with 300 acres of land; about 50 of which are improved and partly under orchard crops, etc. Fine shooting and fishing may be had on the estate. About one mile from Koksilah station.

TO LET—For a term of years—Tzouhalim—fronting on Cowichan Bay, together with 100 acres of land; partly in grass and orchard.

TO LET—With privilege of purchase, several fine properties in Victoria City.

TO LET—A 7-room house on Rae street, with every modern convenience; rent reduced. For terms apply to HEISTERMAN & CO., 75 Government Street. ap17-1mo

UPPER CANADA COLLEGE.

Founded 1829.
Will re-open after the Summer Holidays, on Monday, September 9, 1895, for reception of resident pupils. The classes will assemble in the Public Hall of the College on Tuesday, September 10, at 10 a.m., when all pupils, resident and non-resident, are expected to be present. The College, the best equipped in Canada, is situated in the most elevated and healthful district just outside the Northern limits of Toronto. The life discipline and educational advantages are of the same class as in the celebrated English Public Schools.

For all particulars and for prospectus apply to JOHN MARTLAND, M.A., Care of the Bursar, or to the Bursar, Deer Park P. O., Ontario.

By Order of the Board of Trustees, ARNOLD MORPHY, Bursar. au1-9t

THAT MUSIC

Of yours! Is it not time to have it properly bound? If so, a postal card will fetch a messenger for it, and a very little money will secure a neat, lasting book—"A thing of beauty and a joy forever."

THE COLONIST BINDERY,

28 BROAD STREET.

JUST RECEIVED A CONSIGNMENT OF CHOICE CREAMERY BUTTER
In Small Tubs for Family Trade. The best we have ever offered, and at the LOWEST PRICE. Customers to secure same will kindly place their orders now, before it is gone.

ERSKINE, WALL & CO.

SPECIAL TO THE PUBLIC.

FRUIT JARS

YOU CAN GET THEM AT

Cheapside

LAWN MOWERS,
GRASS CATCHERS and
LAWN SPRINKLERS, 50c. ea.

GEO. POWELL & CO.,

127 GOVERNMENT STREET.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF VICTORIA

Receipts and Expenditure for Six Months Ending 30th June, 1895.

Published in accordance with Sec. 108a, Municipal Act, 1892.

RECEIPTS.	EXPENDITURE.
Cash on hand, January 1, 1895.....\$ 1,097 75	City debt.....\$ 50,244 83
Bank of B.N.A., January 1, 1895..... 3,509 44	Municipal Council..... 2,515 02
Land and improvement tax..... 6,788 40	Civil salaries..... 33,251 81
Water rates and rents..... 22,870 96	City institutions (maintenance)..... 18,981 00
Trade licenses..... 7,430 00	Buildings and surveys..... 1,656 92
Liquor licenses..... 8,990 00	Streets, bridges and sidewalks..... 15,172 12
Fire insurance company's tax..... 3,150 00	Miscellaneous..... 11,973 46
Police Court fines and fees..... 1,545 25	Education..... 22,855 53
Road tax..... 2,192 00	Board of Health..... 10,250 59
Provincial revenue tax..... 6,198 00	
Cemetery fees..... 834 00	
Dog tax..... 208 20	
Pound fees..... 314 30	
Market fees..... 1,478 45	
Provincial Government Educational per capita grant..... 9,115 10	
Provincial Government refund under Sec. 109, Municipality Act, 1892..... 1,506 85	
Board of Health..... 1,702 81	
Miscellaneous receipts..... 1,459 49	
\$80,443 55	\$166,881 49

Certified correct.
JAS. L. RAYMUR,
City Hall, 10th July, 1895. auditor. jy11

CHAS. KENT,
Treasurer.

ADVERTISING AGENCY.
P. FISHER, Newspaper Advertising Agent, 21 Merchants' Exchange, San Francisco, is our authorized Agent. This paper is kept on file in his office. 108

ARCHITECTS.
JOHN TEAGUE, ARCHITECT, CORNER of 1st and 2nd streets and Trowce avenue. Established 1862. fel

BAKERS.
M. R. SMITH & CO., Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy Biscuits and Cakes, VICTORIA, B. C. fel

DRESSMAKING.
DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING.

MRS. MARSHALL
has removed to No. 132 Vancouver street, where all who require dress and mantle making can have their garments made in the most fashionable style, and perfectly fitted. dool-1t

FRENCH DRESSMAKING—Perfect fit, first class furnishings, 18 Blanchard street. m121

ENGINEERS.
KEEFER & SMITH,
CIVIL AND HYDRAULIC ENGINEERS.

Rooms 44 and 45 Five Sisters Block, Government street, Victoria, B. C.

G. A. KEEFER, M.I.C.E. H. B. SMITH, M.I.C.E.

MUSICAL.
PIANOFORTE TUNING.

MR. A. F. OWEN,
Pianoforte Tuner, from J. & J. Hopkinson's, the well-known manufacturer of pianofortes, London, England, 12 years' experience. Particulars as to my ability may be had from the above firm; 34 years with Goodwin & Co., Victoria. Orders left at Hibben's Bookstore. fel

PHOTOGRAPHERS.
MAYNARD'S ART STUDIO, 41 Pandora street. Dealers in all kinds of photographic material, views of British Columbia and Alaska.

Same Block—Maynard's Shoe and Findings Store, 41 Pandora street. Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings. "K" boots a specialty. fel

PAINTERS AND PAPER HANGERS.

R. LETTICE—Dealer in Paints, Oils, varnish and window glass. Agent for Brilliant Sign Letter Co., and Aspenall's Enamel, 40 Fort street. m017

SCAVENGERS.
ED. LINES, General Scavenger, 230 Yates street. Yards, etc., cleaned. Orders left at Geo. Munroe, 89 Government street; Speed Bros., cor. Douglas and Fort; or Blair & Gordon, cor. Menzies and Michigan, will be promptly attended to. do3

Victoria Fertilizer Works, Victoria, B. C.
The above works are now in working order and the undersigned are now prepared to deliver course or fine pure Bone Dust at the following prices:

Coarse, per ton, \$35.00
Fine, per ton, \$45.00
In smaller quantities of 100 pounds Coarse, per lb. 2 cents.
Fine, per lb. 3 cents.
The great value of Bone Dust as a fertilizer is incomparable.

Coarse meal for chicken raisers.
L. WHITE & CO., Agents, 19 Yates Street. jy21-1m

PUBLIC NOTICE:
The undersigned will make loans from \$1 to \$1,000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
153 Government Street, private entrances on Pandora Street. col1

FOR SALE.
Under Powers Contained in a Mortgage Registered in Charge Book, Vol. 8, Fol. 252, No. 8129B.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned up to the 9th day of August, 1895, for the purchase of the two-story building known as the Leland House, together with those parcels of land situated in the City of Victoria, and known as Lots 1 and 2, in Block B, being a Subdivision of Section 3, late Victoria District, as shown on Map No. 8, of the Finlayson Estate, deposited in the Land Registry Office, Victoria.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

The B. C. Land & Investment Agency, Ltd. au2-7t 40 Government St., Victoria.

TENDERS.

Separate tenders will be received by the undersigned on behalf of the British Columbia Agricultural and Industrial Association up to 5 p.m., the 15th of August, 1895, for the following privileges, during the week of the Exhibition, September 16th to 21st, inclusive of both dates:

A. For the sole privilege of the Dining-room and Kitchen.
B. For sole privilege of the Lunch Counter, with tea and coffee.
C. For the sole privilege of the sale of Soda Water, Ice Cream, Food and Soft Drinks, Candy, Nuts and Fruit.

All the foregoing are to be located on the Exhibition Building Grounds, and are to be outside of the Main Building. No selling in Main Building allowed.

Tenders to supply necessary booths or stands. Superintendent to allot the space.

E. For use of Bar and privileges in Jockey Club Grounds.

All tenders to be accompanied with a sum of not less than twenty per cent. of the amount offered. The balance to be paid on or before the 15th September, 1895.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

C. E. RENOUF, Hon. Sec. au2-12t

TENDERS

Will be received at the Provincial Gaol until the 10th of August, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purchase of a 6 room cottage and three-quarters of an acre of land; lot 5, on Douglas street, between Burnside road and Francis Avenue. Any intending purchaser would do well to examine this property as no reasonable offer will be refused.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted. jy27-6t

\$50.00 REWARD.

The above reward will be given to anyone supplying information leading to the conviction of the person who on Saturday or Sunday last used a boat and lighted a fire on Lorna Lake (3rd lake, Highland district), causing great destruction of forest land.

H. M. DUMBLETON, Glenora, Mill Stream

\$10.00 REWARD.

The above mentioned reward is hereby offered for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person or persons setting fire to any grass or causing any grass fire within the corporate limits of the City of Victoria.

By Order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. O.

Victoria, July 17, 1895. jy18

SHORTHAND.

Pitman's system, taught in twenty-five lessons for \$25. Proficiency Guaranteed. Address 3 Centre Road, Spring Ridge. ap1

NOTICES.



PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.
30th July, 1895.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant Governor in Council directs that the following Rules, framed by the Judges of the County Courts of Nanaimo and New Westminster under the authority of the "County Courts Act," shall come into force from the first day of August, proximo.

By Command,
JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

- There shall be a vacation in the County Court of New Westminster from the 7th day of August to the 15th day of October, 1895, both days inclusive, during which vacation, subject to the further provisions hereinafter contained, no cause shall be tried.
- Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with the trial of causes triable or proposed to be tried at the next sitting of this Court at Chilliwack.
- Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with the issue or service of ordinary default or judgment summonses, or garnishee proceedings, with proceedings for obtaining judgment or default summonses.
- Nothing in these Rules shall interfere with any criminal proceedings.
- During said vacation the office hours of the offices of the Court shall be in accordance with Rule 693, "Supreme Court Rules, 1890."
- These Rules may be cited as "The County Court (New Westminster) Vacation Rules, 1895."

- There shall be a vacation in the County Court of Vancouver from the 7th day of August to the 15th day of October, 1895, both days inclusive, during which vacation, subject to further provisions hereinafter contained, no cause shall be tried.

MEETINGS AT AGASSIZ.

Continued from page Two.

getting rid of this pest. It was claimed that the Indians' orchards had been neglected and were a breeding ground for all pests.

Mr. Anderson said that if the instructions were carried out and the hops were properly sprayed the aphids would disappear.

Mr. Hulbert said this was expensive, and that the hop aphid bred in plums, and it was the plums that should be attended to. The matter was referred to the Horticultural society.

Mr. Fletcher said that the hop aphid laid their eggs on plum trees in autumn. These winged individuals sprang up and flew to the hops. The females go on producing without copulation, and not until autumn is the male produced. When winged both males and females fly back to the plum and the female lays the eggs on the plum tree. Full reports are given as to how to get rid of the aphids in the B. C. pamphlets. Prof. Fletcher would say in conclusion that the watchword of fruit growers should be "Let us spray."

The next meetings of the Fruit Growers' Association will be held at Westminster.

THE DAIRYMEN.

How Their Interests May Best Be Promoted—Some Very Useful Papers and Discussions.

The dairymen convened at 8:30 on Thursday evening. Mr. Anderson, the deputy minister of agriculture, presided. A telegram of regret for inability to attend was received from Chief Justice Davis.

Mr. Anderson's address was as follows:

Your Honor, Ladies and Gentlemen.—The subject of co-operation is one of the deepest import to the farming population of the province, and one that I am glad to say is now attracting some attention at the hands of our farmers. It is a subject, however, of great magnitude and importance, and should demand much more attention than it does. Co-operation is most necessary for the welfare and advancement of a community; it is the working together of its members, by which each contributes his share to the general good, and by this means acquires a power and influence which it is impossible for individuals to obtain. Reports from the Department of Agriculture, from all parts of the province, show the inability of the farmer to obtain remunerative prices from the dealer, and often to sell his produce at all.

A man engages in business to make money, therefore if he can deal in imported articles with greater advantage to himself, he will do so, but if you can show him that he can deal more profitably in your article, then he will buy from you. How is this desirable end to be attained? You have tried individualism for a long time and are no nearer your object to-day than ever. By co-operation alone can you ever hope to successfully compete with imported products.

The products of British Columbia are very often of an inferior description and are placed upon the market in an unattractive manner. I ask you whether the wretched apology of British Columbia butter often offered for sale would find a place on your counters if your were dealers. The fruit which is also sent to the market is not graded nor packed, but dumped into boxes or barrels of every description. A great deal of excellent butter is manufactured, but the poor quality of some serves to deprecate the whole. This also applies to fruit.

A dealer prefers to buy creamery butter from Manitoba and fruit from California. The obvious remedy for this state of affairs is co-operation. By co-operation creameries, cheese factories, cold storage warehouses and co-operative societies of all kinds, dairymen will be able to produce uniform grades of butter or cheese at a lower cost, stock raisers will be able to kill and store their cattle at a time of the year when they are in their prime and not be obliged to winter them or dispose of them at a sacrifice. Fruit men will be able to obtain uniform sized packages at reasonable rates, and if necessary co-operation could be extended to packing and shipping.

Co-operation, if you choose, can make you independent of the middle man by your having agents to dispose of your produce. Thus you will be brought in more direct communication with the consumer by your being placed in a position to obtain more suitable rates in freight, and by keeping yourselves acquainted with the markets so as to place your products to the greatest advantage. Thus the small producer will have the same show as the larger one.

Many difficulties exist in the way of carrying such a scheme into practice, but if they are overcome elsewhere, there is no reason why they should not be overcome here. Jealousy is the most potent factor against co-operation in this province. Co-operation is thriving in Australia and New Zealand and in the Eastern part of the Dominion.

In Australasia, three years ago, scarcely enough fruit and dairy articles were produced for their own wants; now they export in vast quantities under the beneficent influence of co-operation. And as for Ontario, her numerous dairies and cheese factories tell the tale. Her success at Chicago is another indication of the good results of co-operation.

In British Columbia we are exceptionally well situated for markets outside the province. The Northwest, the Orient, Australasia, are particularly our own markets—markets we can always depend upon for our surplus production when it comes. At present, however, we may only think of supplying our own wants.

For the encouragement of dairying, acts were passed at the last session of the legislature, for the inexpensive incorporation of dairying associations, and for protection against fraud in milk vending. Let me express the hope that advantage will be taken of these and similar enactments, and that ere long we may see the farming population of the different parts of the province co-operating for the general good.

I will conclude by asking you to bear in mind that the department which I have the honor of conducting is always ready to receive suggestions, and make recommendations, for the enactment of laws in the interest of agriculture and horticulture.

Mr. Thomas Cunningham, president of the association, said that Prof. Robertson, government director of dairying, would travel through the province shortly. He was disappointed that the question of dairying in the valley had not been mentioned. He spoke in eulogistic terms of the good being done in the Dominion by Prof. Saunders, Fletcher and Robertson, and said he had half a promise from the Minister of Agriculture that agricultural charts prepared by these professors would be lithographed and placed in all the schools. Mr. Cunningham reviewed agriculture in B. C. from 1859, when he first came to the province, and graphically illustrated the almost insurmountable obstacles the farmers on the mainland had to overcome. All the produce at that time came from Oregon, with no protection. Afterwards 10 per cent. was put on, but without any good results. It was not until after confederation that farmers settled in the province.

He did not like to speak on politics, but

they affected the farmers. If there was no duty on fruit, what would be our condition to-day? We could not compete. We have to thank the Dominion government for giving us protection. In 1872 he had bought apples in Oregon at 12½ cents a bushel. It would be a long time before they could do that here. As for agriculture in the province, he did not agree with many. Our climate was certainly good; but we are liable to frosts on the lower Fraser every year, and there is always danger of a portion of the valley being overflooded. Then it is so expensive to cultivate land, and we have a keen competitor in Manitoba. It is a case of the "survival of the fittest," and we must try to become superior in one, if not all, of the branches of agriculture. He thought we might excel in dairying. The province is suited for it. We have abundance of clover for fodder. On the Lower Fraser a cow can be maintained on an acre of land, which is a grand showing.

He spoke in praise of the parental government of the province in purchasing seed after the flood. The flood had not been an unmixed evil, for it was the cause of a number of silos being erected for keeping the fodder green, and the experiment was a success.

He thought that the government should assist the farmers, if in nothing else in roads. Farmers were always a benefit to the province; other industries were not always a benefit. They did not last many years comparatively. He expressed himself very strongly on the fact that more members of the local legislature were not present. He thought the Dominion government should be urged to aid them with the Fraser river. There are bars forming, and the river is growing more unmanageable every year.

Prof. Saunders said he would act as a sort of representative for Prof. Robertson. He referred to the general progress of dairying in Canada. The exports of dairy products in the past thirty years had been as follows: 1863, \$13,000; 1870, \$674,000; 1880, \$3,893,000; 1890, \$9,372,000; 1894, \$15,488,000. Dairying was profitable for many reasons. The value of dairy farms did not depreciate. The dairymen are able to enrich his soil very readily. One reason that the export trade developed so quickly is because exporting dairymen have kept the quality of their export up. The cheese exported from the United States is not as uniform as that exported from Canada and suffers accordingly. Canada exports twenty-five per cent. more cheese than the United States, and we have taken the trade from them by our enterprise. Canada supplies sixty per cent. of all the cheese that Great Britain consumes, while we do not supply five per cent. of their butter. Winter dairying is now common in Canada and it brings a high price. The experiment of winter creameries was tried in Woodstock and Mount Elgin at first, and proved profitable.

It was found that cows could be milked all the year round; that by persistent milking the period of lactation could be increased. There were now winter dairies throughout Ontario. To milk the cows all the year round they should have succulent food. Corn in the dough state should be fed. The best ensilage, in the absence of corn in this province, is clover. The history of dairying in Prince Edward Island was gone into. In 1890 dairying was discouraged, but in 1892 the government aided Prince Edward Island, and next year \$7,000 worth of cheese was made. The following year \$40,000 worth was sold, and last year \$90,000 worth was made, whilst this year the dairy produce will amount to \$150,000. He thought it paid the government to aid dairying, as the investment is returned fourfold. In Nova Scotia and New Brunswick great progress was made. But in Quebec the progress made had been something immense. The progress in Ontario is also very great, the number of winter creameries is over 100, and the number of cheese factories over 1,000. In Manitoba many creameries have been established and found a market here. The Northwest have lately come into the field, hearing about the golden country of British Columbia. The creameries of Moose Jaw, Dawdney and Calgary were now turning out large quantities, from 300 to 500 lbs. a day. At Reddeer, Littleton and Edmonton creameries were also doing well, in all turning out 1,800 lbs. a day, most of it going to Vancouver and Victoria.

The Ladner's creamery will be a blessing to the whole community and save the farmers' wives great labor. The centrifugal separator in manufacturing butter saves the dairymen 10 per cent. There is no part of the Dominion better suited for dairying than the Delta land owing to the abundance of feed. An interesting discourse on the cow as a milk making machine was delivered and the breed of cows that are preferred in dairying was explained. After exhaustive experiments at the experimental farm at Ottawa it had been found that 6 pounds of meal for cows was the limit, and to go beyond that no favorable results in milk could be obtained. Milk contains 87 per cent. water, 3 per cent. fat, 4 per cent. sugar and a small percentage of casein and albumen. All waste in the milk can be fed to swine and the dairymen is also repaid by rich manure. The swine of Canada sold higher than the pigs of the United States, which are mostly corn fed. The butter export has been injured by Australia bonusing butter exports, and for this reason it has been crowded on the European market. In spite of this Canadian butter brings a higher price than the Australian, and it is reaching them in splendid condition being sent in cold storage.

Mr. Cunningham said he would not like the impression to get out that corn could not be grown for ensilage in this country. He saw plenty of corn here 13 feet high and as thick as it could stand.

Prof. Saunders said that second crop clover was so abundant that it would be better to use it for ensilage. Stock ensilage was not a success for this country, the construction of silos is so inexpensive.

Major Muttar said that Mr. Kitchen had made stacked ensilage with stuff that had been on the ground for six weeks and was a success. He weighted with sand.

Mr. Cunningham said that L. L. Chadsey, Sumas, had made excellent ensilage by piling seeds on green fodder.

Several other gentlemen gave valuable information as to preserving ensilage.

Prof. Fletcher spoke for ten minutes on fodder for dairy cattle. He said Indian corn can be grown in British Columbia. It is very prolific and should be experimented with for ensilage. He described the different grasses. Austrian broom was thought to be the best, as it is most succulent. In British Columbia there is an abundance of sedge which makes excellent fodder for cattle. We have in Canada 300 different grasses that are growing wild, and many experiments have been made. The bunch grass of British Columbia is one of the very best fodders that can be grown. June clover and orchard grass is an excellent mixture for fodder. Another good mixture is timothy and cow grass. The basis of all mixtures should be June grass. June grass is the same as Kentucky blue grass. The general treatment of weeds is to keep them from seeding. Weeds are the stomachs of plants for they feed on them. Prof. Fletcher

E. M. JOHNSON

37 Government Street, Corner of Broughton.

ESTABLISHED 1879.

Real Estate Agent, Conveyancer and Notary Public

Loans Effected, Rents and Income Collected, Deeds Prepared, Etc., Etc.

FOR SALE--20,000 ACRES FARMING LAND

In contiguous Blocks; Beautifully watered; forming one of the finest estates in the Province; house and farm buildings, 2000 cattle; 50 to 80 horses; easy approach; good roads; railways projected to property and the estate is in close proximity to some of the best developed, most promising gold mines in the District. The price of the whole is extremely moderate. Principals only treated with.

FOR SALE---A 1388-ACRE FARM

About 1000 Acres of which is Ploughable Prairie of First-class Quality.

120 Head Cattle 1 pedigree Hereford Bull.

12 Horses.

Ploughs, Harrows, Reapers, Wagon, Sleds and usual Farm Implements.

Double Harness, Chain Harness, Bull Chains, Saddles (ladies and gent's), Bridles, etc.

Blacksmiths' Bellows, Anvil and Tools and Carpenters' Tools.

9-Room House (shingle roofed; Stable for 10 horses, with hay loft above; Stone Roothouse, Store Buildings, Dairy, Cow Sheds, etc., etc.

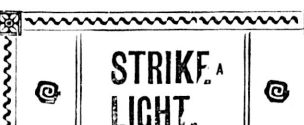
7 Miles (about) Standing Fences, in good order; Corrals, &c.

Small Lot Household Furniture, Stoves and Pipes, Crockery, etc., etc.

These localities are rapidly settling up and as farm land is limited great inducement is offered to any person or corporation having capital and knowledge necessary to develop and work these estates. A store, hotel and blacksmith shop could be run in connection with the farm.

P. O. BOX 188.

TELEPHONE NO. 74.



You never "miss fire" with E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES, no matter how damp or warm the weather.

IT IS INVARIABLY

100 MATCHES

100 LIGHTS

AND NO MATCHES WASTED.

enlivened the proceedings by several humorous anecdotes.

Mr. Phillips spoke of the proposal to establish a central creamery at Westminster for the lower Fraser valley; and at Vancouver next Friday a large meeting will be held to promote this scheme.

A vote of thanks was moved by Mr. Cunningham and seconded by Major Muttar, to Prof. Saunders and Prof. Fletcher for the information they had given.

After a vote of thanks to the chairman, Prof. Sharpe and the representatives of the press, the meeting adjourned.

To purify, vitalize and enrich the blood, and give nerve, bodily and digestive strength, take Hood's Sarsaparilla.

For finest workmanship and best material Flor de Vallon cigars took first award at World's Fair.

Merchants who wish special ruling, etc., on their blank books, should inspect the line of samples of home industry at The Colonist Bindery.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (with power to increase)	\$600,000	\$2,920,000
RESERVE	\$235,000	\$1,143,666

HEAD OFFICE - 60 LOMBARD STREET LONDON, ENGLAND.

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IN BRITISH COLUMBIA—Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo, Kamloops and Nelson (Kootenay Lake).

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SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. Deposits received from \$1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3 PER CENT. PER ANNUM. Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking Business transacted.

Victoria, B.C., July 1, 1893.

GEO. GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

MARVELOUS LINIMENT & MIXTURE

Cures Rheumatism

—AND ALL KINDS OF—

SPRAINS, PAINS AND ACHES.

READ A FEW TESTIMONIALS.

Dean & Cryderman, Victoria, British Columbia, Jan. 17, 1893. GENTLEMEN,—I was troubled with rheumatism so bad I could hardly walk, and was cured by using your Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. A. MCNEILL, New York Hotel.

Dean & Cryderman, Victoria, British Columbia. DEAR SIR,—I had a bad sprained ankle, used Marvellous Liniment and was entirely cured in three days. GEORGE SCHMIDT, Stoltz Restaurant.

To Dean & Cryderman, druggists, GENTLEMEN,—With much pleasure I add my testimony to your valuable Marvellous Rheumatic Cure. For three months I suffered terrible pain. Could not move only by the aid of two sticks. I have only taken two bottles of the medicine and two of the Liniment, and I can now go without sticks, and hope after the third bottle to go to work. Yours very thankfully, S. NORMAN, 48 Oswego street, corner Michigan street.

DEAN & CRYDERMAN

SOLE AGENTS,

Corner Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B. C.

GENUINE AMERICAN } 90c. ALARM CLOCKS . }

S. A. STODDART,

The New Watchmaker and Jeweller.

68½ YATES STREET,

Cleanse Watches thoroughly for 75c. New Main Spring, 75c. Balance and Pallet Staffs, \$1.25. And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years. A. S. P.

CHAS. HAYWARD,

Funeral Director & Embalmer

22 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA.

The largest and best appointed Undertaking Establishment in the Province.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA EXPRESS COY. LTD.

STAGES TO CARIBOO

The regular Weekly Stage for all points in Cariboo and Lillooet.

Leaves Ashcroft every Monday morning at 4 o'clock. Travelling by daylight only and making about 70 miles a day, each way, lying over one day at Barkerville.

Ashcroft to Clinton, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Returning Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays. Ashcroft for Lillooet, Mondays and Wednesdays.

Special Stages. Furnished on proper notice and at reasonable rates. For a party of five or more persons, regular stage fares only will be charged. These specials make regular stage time, changing horses along the route. General express matter carried by regular stages. Fast freight by special.

For further information apply to B. C. EXPRESS CO., Ltd. jeb-d&w-tt Ashcroft, B. C.

NOTICE.

For sale 1000 cords of dry cordwood at from \$2.50 per cord to \$3.50 per cord, (according to quality) delivered. Samples can be seen at my yards corner of Discovery and Government streets, or Spratt's wharf. Your order solicited. Steam wood sawing done in any part of the city at current rates, also stove wood for sale cut in lengths to suit. Delivered promptly at current rates. A. C. HOWE. Telephone No. 40. 174-6m

The Colonist.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 4, 1895.

PUBLISHED EVERY DAY EXCEPT MONDAY

THE COLONIST PRINTING & PUBLISHING COMPANY, LIMITED LIABILITY.

W. H. ELLIS, Manager. A. G. SARGISON, Secretary.

TERMS:

THE DAILY COLONIST.

Per year (postage free to any part of Canada) \$10 00

Per week (if delivered) 25

THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY MORNING.

Per year (postage free to any part of the Dominion or the United States) \$2 00

Six months 1 25

Three months 75

Subscriptions in all cases are payable strictly in advance.

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REGULAR COMMERCIAL ADVERTISING as distinguished from everything of a transient character—that is to say, advertising referring to regular Mercantile and Manufacturing Business, Government and Land Notices—published at the following rates: For line, solid nonpareil, the duration of publication to be specified at the time of ordering advertisements: More than one fortnight and not more than one month, 60 cents.

Not more than one week and not more than one fortnight, 40 cents.

No advertisement under this classification inserted for less than \$2.50, and accepted only for every-day insertion.

Theatrical advertisements, 10 cents per line each insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted till ordered out.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of special period will be charged as if continued for full term.

Liberal allowance on yearly and half-yearly contracts.

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TRANSIENT ADVERTISING—Per line solid nonpareil: First insertion, 10 cents; each subsequent consecutive insertion, 5 cents. Advertisements not inserted every day, 10 cents per line each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than \$1.50.

Births, Marriages and Deaths, \$1.00; funeral notices, 50 cents extra.

Where ads are inserted they must be ALL METAL—not mounted on Wood.

THE BEST PAVEMENT.

The Pioneer-Press of St. Paul bears strong testimony to the superiority of asphalt over wood as a material for paving the streets of a city. The wooden blocks in that city were laid upon a plank foundation, consequently the foundation decayed before the blocks were worn out, and the pavement became uneven and was broken in many places. The Pioneer-Press is so disgusted with the wooden pavement that it looks upon it as a survival of bygone barbarism. Here is what it says about the asphalt pavements:

Seeing is believing. The asphalt pavements laid in this city on Summit, Dayton, Portland, Holly and other residence streets eight or nine years ago have practically settled the pavement question for this city. At the time they were put down the property owners on Laurel and Ashland avenues concluded that cedar or pine block on plank was good enough for them. To-day their wooden pavements are all going to pieces with the rottenness that pits and furrows them, while the asphalt on neighboring streets is as good as new. They will soon have to renew their pavements. So that in the end they will have paid dearly for the small saving they made eight or nine years ago in laying a cheap pavement. The asphalt pavements laid on Seventh street and in process of being laid or about to be laid on Sixth, Fifth, Fourth, St. Peter and Wabasha streets will change the whole aspect of the business district of the city. So far as the work has progressed it gives such complete satisfaction that the opinion seems to be nearly or quite universal that asphalt is superior to any other kind of pavement for ordinary business streets. It is safe to say that except in the wholesale district or on heavy grades asphalt will be preferred to any other material by the property or business streets. Of course wooden block pavements are greatly improved by being laid on an indestructible foundation of cement. But after seeing the new cedar block pavement on Third street after a year's wear, where the iron corks of the horses' shoes are gradually grinding the blocks into cones, and comparing it with the bright, smooth, clean asphalt of Sixth and Seventh, the property owners on other streets are not likely to hesitate long in the choice of material for paving. Seeing is believing, and every new street laid with asphalt is a cumulative argument for paving the next one in the same way.

A QUEER FEAST.

Young Wanamaker, son of the ex-Postmaster General of the United States, entertained some of his French friends in a way that we presume is unique. Here is the San Francisco Call's description of the banquet:

"The dinner is a nine days' wonder in Paris, and is not without interest here, for John Wanamaker has been mentioned for the Presidency of the Nation, and it is worth our while to consider what kind of ideas he has inculcated in the mind of his son and heir."

Twenty-two guests were invited to the dinner, and probably from a fear that some of them might come in a cab, a street car or even on foot, if left to themselves, the glided Rodmans engaged twenty-two of the finest equipages in Paris to call for them. The decorations of the dining room, we are told, were sumptuously beautiful, and the air was cooled by luminous fountains scattering a spray radiant as many colored jewels over crystalline masses of ice. The dinner itself was prepared regardless of cost, of appetite and of human capacity to eat. Each guest was served with a whole leg of mutton, a whole salmon, a truffled fowl, a basket of peaches and a double magnum of champagne, besides several bottles of other wines of rare vintage and fabulous cost. At the close of the dinner a silken grabbag was passed around and each guest drew from it a souvenir, such as an emerald pin, ruby links, pearl studs or a golden cigarette-holder gemmed with diamonds.

Taken altogether the feast was a remarkable example of the grossest form of "going the whole hog." It was an attempt to dazzle Paris by a display of wealth and lavishness, but its result was simply to disgust Americans. The futility of the thing is evident from the fact that some of the guests were members of the Rothschild family, who could buy out the Wanamakers any day, but who would never think of showing their greatness by trying to eat a leg of

mutton, a salmon, a chicken and a basket of peaches, and washing the mixture down with a gallon of champagne.

A SUGGESTION.

There was complaint in St. Paul lately about the impurity of the water supplied to the citizens. It had a bad taste, a disagreeable smell, and appeared to be full of impurities. It was a mystery to the authorities how the water came to be in that condition. The supply, they knew, at the fountain head was pure, and they could not understand how it became impure when it reached the taps. It was found on examination that there was a fungous growth of vegetable matter in the pipes. The pipes were thoroughly flushed and cleansed by forcing hot steam through them. After this had been done the water became sweet, and the impurities disappeared.

A MISTAKEN VIEW.

"Teach your children," wrote poor Rowbotham to his friend when on the point of giving up in despair the struggle for existence, "that wealth is the greatest good, for it buys everything." Is what the unfortunate man in the bitterness of his heart and from the depth of despair, wrote, true? Many, no doubt, believe that it is. They believe that the first and the most important lesson that we should teach our children is to get money. They believe that wealth is the greatest good and that poverty is the greatest evil. This is the gospel of mammonism, but is it the gospel of Christ or is it the gospel of common sense? Can wealth buy everything? Can it even buy the things which men and women of all ranks and conditions deem most precious in this world? Can it buy a sound constitution? Is there a market price for health? What are the quotations for sound lungs and for digestive organs in good working condition? Are nervous systems that can stand wear and tear to be had in any market or for any price? Health for ourselves and our children is not to be bought with a price in dollars and cents. And health of mind and health of body is the greatest blessing that man, woman or child can possess. Here we find at the outset that Rowbotham's philosophy and the philosophy of millions of others is not sound. Can peace of mind, another great blessing, be purchased with money? Those who are struggling to get rich do not possess quiet minds. Their lives are full of cares and anxieties and worries of many kinds, and they often feel the pangs and humiliations of disappointment. Are those who have attained wealth better off in this respect? Does their money buy for them the peace which passeth all understanding, or are they, on the whole, more contented and happy than their poorer neighbors? They do not say so. How often have millionaires—men who could buy every comfort and every luxury that is to be purchased with money—been heard to say that the happiest time of their lives was when they had not one dollar to rub against another; when they in their younger days were working hard for small pay! Did those men deceive themselves or were they telling the simple truth? We believe that they were honestly stating their experience. When they were young they possessed a power of enjoyment that money could not buy and that the riches they had accumulated did not help them to retain. It passed away with their youth, which also left them in spite of all that money could do to keep it a little longer. Here again we find there are many things, and those of inestimable value to men and women, that wealth cannot buy. Burns said some very good things on this subject as he did on many others. His poem, The Two Dogs, teaches a lesson on the vanity of riches and the compensations of poverty that it would be well that many of us in these days would take to heart. Caesar, the dog who had seen a good deal of high life, says to his companion, the shepherd's collie, who seemed to envy the condition of the rich and fashionable:

Lord, man, were ye but whyles whare am I,
The gonties ye wad ne'er envy 'em.
It's a true they needna starve nor sweat,
Through winter's cauld or summer's heat;
They've nae sair work to craze their banes,
And fill auld age wi' gripes and granes;
But human bodies are so fickle,
For a' their colleges and schools,
That when nae real ill perplex them,
They mak onn themselves to vex them;
And aye the less they hae to sturt them,
In like proportion less will hurt them.

A country fellow at the plough,
His acres till'd, he's right enough;
A country girl at her wheel,
Her dizzens done, she's unco weel;
But gentlemen and ladies worst,
Wi' endowd want o' work and rest;
They're lazier, founger, lazier, lazier;
Though dail haet ails them, yet uneasy;
Their days insipid, dull, and tasteless;
Their nights unquiet, lang, and restless;
And on their sports, their bulls and races,
Their galloping through public places,
Their sic parade, sic pomp and art,
The joy can scarcely reach the heart.

Of the poor among whom he has passed his days, the Collie Luth says:
And when they meet wi' sair disasters,
Like loss o' health or want o' masters,
Ye maist wad think, a wee touch langer,
And they maist sturve o' cauld and hunger;
But how it comes I never ken'd yet,
They're maistly wonderfu' contented;
And bairdly chieles, and clever hizzies,
Are bred in sic a way as this is.

Scotland's poet had the true philosophy. He knew that wealth could not buy everything, but that happiness and misery, pleasure and pain, are all pretty evenly divided among the sons and daughters of men irrespective of their condition in life or the extent of their possessions.

If we say that money cannot buy love, the great sweetener of human existence, many will smile cynically and others will laugh outright. But it is true nevertheless that love, genuine love, cannot be purchased with money. What has the infant to give for the love that is lavished upon it? It will have to be acknowledged that a mother's love is unpurchased and unpurchasable. What about a lover's love, can it not be bought, says the cynic. Not the genuine article. Counterfeits in great numbers are in the market, and so are substitutes which may do well enough when they are

not tried severely, but true love is priceless. This is a very old-fashioned doctrine, we admit, but it will be a bad day for the human race when love can be appraised and its value expressed in pounds, shillings and pence. Even Rowbotham, miserable as he was, found that, although he had less than nothing to give in return, love did not fail him. If Rowbotham's mind had been in a healthy condition he would not have written that wealth buys everything, and he would not have killed himself.

LOW PRESSURE.

In San Francisco the water pressure, as it is in this city, is very low. This is an evil which is not likely to be remedied, and no one knows how soon the citizens may suffer great loss for want of sufficient water pressure. It is not pleasant to think of the destruction of property that would ensue if a fire was started in some parts of this city under conditions favorable to the rapid spread of the conflagration. In San Francisco it is proposed to use the salt water of the harbor for extinguishing fires and watering streets. This is what "Fire and Water" has to say on the subject:

The recent disastrous fire in San Francisco, when \$1,000,000 worth of property was destroyed, shows the lack of a proper system of fire protection. The water pressure was altogether too low. With a view to remedying this evil, which is recognized by the authorities, the Olympic Salt Water Company of San Francisco has for some months past been laying its mains, and intends to bid for the patronage of the city. The company proposes to offer the city free of cost all the salt water needed for sprinkling purposes in the section where their mains are laid and their hydrants set. Fighting fire with salt water is not now an experiment. It has been proved beyond question that salt water is best adapted for fire purposes, and there are several reasons why this is so. First, the density of the water does not allow it to evaporate so readily, thus allowing it a longer period to get in its destroying power. Again, salt water weighs sixty-four pounds to the cubic foot, as against sixty-two pounds for fresh water. The difference of course is found in the salt. It is claimed that one service of salt water is equal to three of fresh. Returns from seventeen English cities where salt water is used for sprinkling purposes show that the streets have gradually become macadamized. The mortality has also decreased from twenty to thirty per cent. The Olympic Company has a reservoir with an elevation of 320 feet above the city. The reservoir is on Point Lobos avenue, near Josephine street, and has a capacity of 4,500,000 gallons.

To Make Pure Blood

There is no medicine before the people equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is the standard spring medicine and blood purifier and it possesses peculiar merit which others try in vain to reach. It really makes the weak strong. Do not neglect to purify your blood this spring. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla now.

Hood's Pills become the favorite cathartic with every one who tries them. 25c. per box.

For Puget Sound Points.

The fast steamer Sehome, Chas. E. Clancy, master, leaves every morning excepting Sundays, at 9 o'clock for Port Townsend and Seattle, arriving at Seattle at 4 p.m., connecting with N.P.R.R. train for the east. Returning, she leaves Seattle at 10 p.m. daily excepting Sunday, arriving here at 6 a.m. Tickets at Northern Pacific R.R. office.

If you must draw the line at Lard

and have, like thousands of other people, to avoid all food prepared with it, this is to remind you that there is a clean, delicate and healthful vegetable shortening, which can be used in its place. If you will

USE COTTOLINE

instead of lard, you can eat pie, pastry and the other "good things" which other folks enjoy, without fear of dyspeptic consequences. Delicacy from lard has come.

Buy a pail, try it in your own kitchen, and be convinced.

Cottolene is sold in 3 and 5 pound pails, by all grocers.

Made only by
The N. K. Fairbank Company,
Wellington and Ann Sts.,
MONTREAL.

G. A. SMITH, C. E.

Land and Mine surveyor,

ALBERTA, B. C. jy1m-d&w

USE

TELEPHONE 44

HYDROX AND DISTILLED ICE.

my15 B.C. Cold Storage & Ice Co.,

JOSHUA DAVIES AUCTIONEER.

SPECIAL: SALE

Sumatra Leaf Tobacco.

I will sell by Public Auction, at Salesrooms, Bastion Square,

TUESDAY, AUGUST 6, AT 11 A. M. IN BOND

A Sample Consignment, direct from the Importers, of

FIVE BALES PANDANG SUMATRA LEAF TOBACCO.

Terms cash. JOSHUA DAVIES, Auctioneer.

THE AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE

Which would not finish yesterday, will be continued on Tuesday, August 6, at 2 p.m., when a large quantity of Parlor and Dining-room Furnishings will be added.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO., Leading Auctioneers.

PLINY E. DAVIS & CO.

Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,

OFFICE AND SALESROOMS, 37 AND 39 YATES ST.

Liberal advances made on consignments. Stocks of merchandise and furniture of dwellings bought for spot cash.

WM. T. HARDAKER, GENERAL AUCTIONEER.

—WILL—

Sell your Household Furniture or Stocks of any description on Commission, or Buy them Outright to any Amount.

Consult me before disposing of your goods.

Nos. 77, 79 and 81 Douglas Street.

All business strictly confidential.

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Take notice that under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in a mortgage dated the 12th day of January, 1891, and registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B.C., in Charge Book, Vol. 8, fol. 710, tenders will be received up to the 15th day of August, 1895, for the purchase of the lands following, namely: Lots 55, 56, 58 and 62, Courtenay Township, Comox District, B.C., together with the frame building thereon, known as the "Riverside hotel," and all outbuildings, etc.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated July 29, 1895.

DUMBLETON & ELLIOTT, 32 Langley St. Victoria, B.C., Solicitors for the Mortgagee.

jy30-td

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

THE LAKESIDE HOUSE, AT COWICHAN LAKE

THE MOST CHARMING SUMMER RESORT IN B.C.

Excellent Fly Fishing, Boating & Scenery

Stage leaves Duncan's Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Fare for round trip, \$3.50.

PRICE & JAYNES, - PROPRIETORS.

my11

SUMMER RESORT.

The undersigned beg to notify their friends and the public generally that they have resumed the management of THE STRICKLY HOT CLIFF, at Sidney, North Saanich, and intend carrying on a strictly moderate priced hotel, which as a summer resort cannot be excelled. Good bathing, fishing and shooting to be had. Trains connect with Victoria twice daily. For terms address to Sidney, North Saanich.

F. G. NORTON, Proprietors.

jy7-1m

MERCHANTS' LUNCH WILL BE SERVED

AT THE Poodle Dog Restaurant

from 12 to 2. Meals, with glass of beer or claret 40c. Regular meals with glass of beer or claret, 50c. LOUIS MARKORUF, Prop.

jy25-1m

CLIFF HOUSE, (late Henly's Hotel), has been renovated and under new management.

Fine liquors and cigars. Poultry dinners on short notice; private dining and sitting rooms. Good quiet ground. jy5-1m

SPECIAL NOTICE

CAMPBELL & CO.

Have just received another large shipment of Woollens (direct from Europe) which, owing to the large increase in their business since moving to their new premises, cor. Broad St. and Truncheon Ave., they will offer at prices lower than ever.

For Nobby Irish, Scotch and English Suits, Black Worsteds, English and Irish serges, Fancy Trousers, Vestings, etc., Campbell & Co. offer the best, most varied and complete selections ever shown in Victoria.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED OR MONEY REFUNDED. jy6-tf

WANTED

YOUNG WOMEN AND MEN

or older ones if still young in spirit, of undoubted character, good talkers, ambitious and industrious, can find employment in a good cause, with \$60 per month and upwards, according to ability.

REV. T. S. LINSKOTT, Brantford, Can.

jy6-lmd&w

MONEY TO LOAN on Victoria real estate.

A. W. Moro, 70 Douglas street.

When your files are ready for binding drop us a postal card and messenger will call for the work. The Colonist Bindery.

WHERE IS YOUR NEXT SUIT OF CLOTHES COMING FROM?

IS THE GREAT QUESTION.

Where can I have a Suit made to order for the least money? You have asked yourself this question a great many times. All men do. The problem is centuries old; the query has been propounded in a hundred tongues, yet it is an open question in most men's minds to-day. Some of your neighbors have had this question answered to their entire satisfaction, and it is a good thing to know that

GEO. R. JACKSON

MERCHANT TAILOR

IS MAKING SUITS TO ORDER

FOR \$16.00

AND PANTS MADE TO ORDER

FOR \$3.50

This is the knowledge that keeps a man well dressed, and keeps dollars in his pockets. You can know just as much about this question as any man living by calling on

GEO. R. JACKSON,

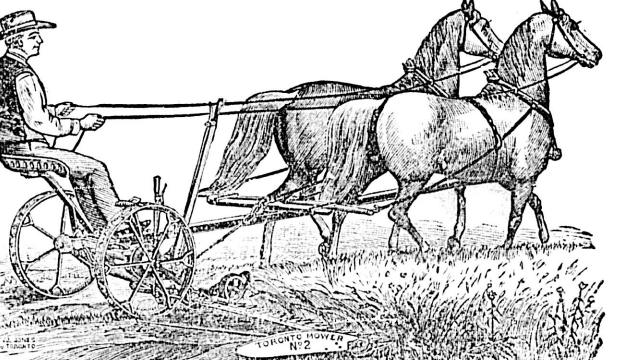
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IMPERIAL SHADES

ASK YOUR DEALER FOR CHEAPEST, STRONGEST, BEST.

MENZIE, TURNER & CO., SHADE MANUFACTURERS TO THE TRADE, Sold by all Reliable Dealers. TORONTO.

E. G. PRIOR & Co LIMITED LIABILITY.



Have for sale this season the following celebrated machines:

Toronto Mowers and Hay Tedders, Sharp's Sulky Rakes, Osborne Mowers and Hay Tedders, A Full Line of Hay-Making Tools,

ALSO A COMPLETE STOCK OF SHELF AND HEAVY HARDWARE. PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., LD., VICTORIA, VANCOUVER AND KAMLOOFS.

WEILER BROTHERS

AGENTS FOR THE

RAMBLER BICYCLE.

A very Pretty, Neat and Durable Machine; will stand the most Critical Examination.

We Can Highly Recommend This Excellent Wheel;

And believe that in this we are SUPPORTED by many of the LEADING CYCLISTS.

51 TO 55 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B.C.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

THE CITY HOUSE.

We have determined to clear out our CHOICE STOCK of STAPLE and FANCY DRY GOODS and have made reductions from 20 to 40 per cent. Our goods are of the very best, and have been bought specially for this market. Everything contained in our stock has been subjected to sweeping reductions. There was never such an opportunity offered for securing high class goods at such Low Prices.

SALE COMMENCES MONDAY, AUG. 5.

THERE IS NO RESERVE.

73 GOVERNMENT STREET, - - - WM. WILSON & CO.

AUCTION SALES.

Aug. 6—Furniture. H. Cuthbert & Co.
Aug. 6—Tobacco. Joshua Davies.

THE CITY.

THE lecture which Capt. Beck was to have given to-morrow night has been postponed till Tuesday evening in the A.O.U.W. hall. A good array of local musical talent will assist, including Mr. and Mrs. C. Rowlands, Mr. E. A. Wolff, Mr. Schl and others.

THE executive committee of the Triangle rowing club of the Y.M.C.A. last night decided on Saturday next as the date for their aquatic sports. The following is a synopsis of the programme arranged for the event: 1st heat, double sculls, tandem canoe race; 2nd heat, double sculls, four blade Peterboro canoe, swimming race; final heat, double sculls and duck hunt. The crews for the double sculls will begin practice at once. Entries for the other events will be received until Friday next.

TO-DAY, the eighth Sunday after Trinity, services will be held in Christ Church cathedral as follows: Holy communion, 8 a.m.; matins, sermon and holy communion at 11 a.m.; children's catechism at 3.45 p.m.; evensong and sermon at 7 p.m. The Sunday school will reassemble at 3 p.m. At Emmanuel Baptist church, Rev. A. B. Winchester will conduct services this morning, and Mr. S. B. Netherby in the evening. The pulpit of the Metropolitan Methodist church will be filled in the morning by Rev. T. J. McCrossan, and Prof. Odium, of Vancouver, will conduct the evening services. At St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, the usual services will be held at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. There will be celebration of the holy communion at the morning service.

DR. WAKEHAM, of Ottawa, the Canadian member of the international fishery commission, who has for some time past been investigating the salmon fisheries along the coast boundary line with Prof. Rathbun, the United States representative, returned to the East last night. Speaking yesterday of the work that has been accomplished, Dr. Wakeham said he and Prof. Rathbun had confined their attention to the streams and waters near the boundary. He had just returned from the American side where, in addition to looking into the question of the Point Roberts fisheries, he and Prof. Rathbun had been to Port Townsend and other points. The fishery commission had lasted now three years, the first being spent in the maritime provinces, last year in the region of the great lakes and the present season in the West. Dr. Wakeham goes from here to Ottawa and later on to Eastport on the Bay of Fundy, where the commission's work will be concluded.

PERSONAL.

Chief Justice Davis returned from the mainland last night.

Lieut. Governor Dewdney, Hon. Col. Baker and Major Muttar, M.P.P., who were attending the farmers' convention at Agassiz, returned last night.

Jas. Fletcher, entomologist of the Dominion agricultural department, Ottawa, arrived in town yesterday, having come from Agassiz, where he attended the convention of farmers and fruit growers.

T. G. Earle, Lynton; J. C. Harris, R. M. Palmer, Inspector of fruit pests, J. T. McIlmoyl, John Lambertson, C. A. Helgeson, R. Musgrave, E. C. Musgrave, Dr. Milne, G. Hadwen, and a number of others who attended the farmers' convention, were passengers by the Charmer last evening.

Asbestos pipes 50c. each, at Harry Salmon's.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

Arrived new wall papers, Mellor's.

Fishing tackle—rods, flies, casts—a complete stock from England, at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Wonder 5 minute ice cream freezers at Perry & Turner's, 42 Johnson street.

Passengers for all points East in Canada and the United States should take advantage of the cheap rates and quick time made by the Canadian Pacific Railway. Passengers have the option of going via steamer from Fort William to Owen Sound or Fort William to Windsor. The express steamers Athabasca, Alberta and Manitoba comprise the finest lake fleet afloat. Meals and berths are included in the fares on the lake steamers. For steamer accommodation, tickets, etc., apply to Geo. L. Courtney, agent, corner Government and Fort streets, Victoria, B.C.

THE PREMIER AT VANCOUVER.

Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Hon. T. M. Daly at the Terminal City—Interesting Talk With the Ministers.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 3.—(Special)—Premier Bowell and Hon. T. M. Daly, Minister of the Interior, arrived at Vancouver to-day. They will take the steamer Quadra for the North on Monday, and immediately on their return visit Victoria. The only personal interview given to the press between Ottawa and Agassiz was accorded the COLONIST representative, who met the Ministers at the last-named point. Sir Mackenzie Bowell and Mr. Daly both spoke at some length on the question of the irrigation of the government lands in the upper country. It was stated positively that the government had no intention of irrigating those lands and were not considering similar proposals in other provinces. If the lands were to be made valuable by irrigation they would have to be bought cheaply from the government and irrigated by private capital.

The question of lessening the danger of floods in the Fraser river by improvements in the channel, dyking, etc., "had" said the Premier, "been receiving, for some time, the very careful attention of the government and would continue to do so. The government had already shown themselves willing to enter into some agreement with the provincial legislature to survey the valley. They had given particular attention to propositions from the provincial government, the necessary legislation had been passed and nothing remained to be done but to carry out the agreement between the Dominion and provincial governments. The work of the joint commissions would be commenced at an early date."

Sir Mackenzie Bowell said that to nothing are the government more kindly disposed than to dairying, and as to the suggestion that British Columbia is not getting its share of government assistance, the answer could be made that they would get it in time. The government had commenced at the other end of the Dominion, Prince Edward Island, and were working this way. Everything that has been done for the other province in dairying would be done for British Columbia. Prof. Saunders was hastening this way as fast as he could, and the farmers need not fear on this score but that they would receive every consideration from the government.

Mr. Daly added that he was particularly well pleased with the results of dairying in Canada, and predicted that it would be yet a gigantic industry in the Dominion.

Respecting the British Pacific railway Sir Mackenzie Bowell said it was a splendid scheme, which he was glad to see carried out, as it would open up a grand country and afford excellent transportation facilities. As to the political situation the Premier and his colleague spoke most cheerfully. The government had done its duty, and was prepared to abide by the results.

The Ideal Home.

It has been remarked that the best housekeeping is the sort that one never notices, and the same may be said of furniture and decorations. In a certain drawing room the preponderance of brass and onyx stands at once attracts the attention of the caller, who feels an irresistible impulse to be continually counting these gorgeous little tables to make sure that there are seven and not eight of them in sight. The effect of such sameness in furnishing, especially when very noticeable articles are used, is to counteract whatever daintiness the home might otherwise possess and to suggest a lamentable want of taste on the part of the owner or rather the mistress.

The ideal home gives evidence in every part of woman's softening influence and of her desire to provide restful surroundings that will quiet the wearied eye, brain and body. All colors are soft, cheerful and tastefully combined. Easy chairs abound and are evidently intended for practical service. The sunlight is freely admitted by day. Softly shaded lights are used by night. There is no lack of footstools, sofa pillows and head-rests, and, best of all, the true domestic spirit broods over the whole, lending a charm that money cannot buy or poverty exclude.

White and fancy vests in silk and cashmere, duck and pique, to be cleared at cost for cash. S. Reid, 122 Government St. x

For a nice glass of cool beer or iced drinks call at Adelphi corner. M.C. Brown.

Table Linens, Napkins, Towels, Sheetings, etc., at Weiler Bros. x

A DENIM HAMMOCK.

Directions For Making a Swing Hammock For the Baby's Use.

Denim is constantly invading new fields and taking fresh uses. Its last, as described by a writer in The Domestic Monthly, is as the constructing fabric of a child's hammock. Two yards of denim of a brownish tone were purchased and a pattern 1½ yards long by 27 inches wide was cut out of a newspaper as a preliminary step toward making the hammock. Then the denim was folded lengthwise and crosswise, so as to quarter it and find its center, and this was marked with a pin thrust through it, after which the paper pattern was folded in the same way, the center found and laid over the spread out denim so that the two materials would be exactly centered together lengthwise with each other. This left a strip of denim uncovered on each side of the paper pattern ½ inches wide, while the ends were completely uncovered. A pencil line was then drawn so as to continue the sides of the denim in two long strips from end to end, making the strips 2 yards long by 4½ inches wide. Inside of these strips was left at each end an untouched piece of denim a little more than 18 inches long by 27 inches wide as the cloth runs. These long side strips must not be cut, as they make the swing pieces for the hammock, but the end blocks are cut out along the pencil line as far as the paper and across the end of the paper, so as to make a huge capital H of the denim. You must next cut one little slit an inch deep into the extreme corners of the bar of the H along the pencil line, so as to enable you to run up a hem on the top and bottom of the bar. After finishing this fold the long side strips lengthwise and run them up smooth, so as to make of them two long straps attached to the crossbar of the H.

Now you must take a pillow, lay it down on the denim, as you would if the hammock were in use as a bed, and lay a V plait in each side of the crossbar to bunch it into a pocket or vessel shape. Plait until you get the arrangement you wish. Stick in a few pins and double stitch through the V plait along its edges. You will now have the hammock shaped, and the next step is to run a piece of the waste denim across each end all of the width as a stay to prevent the side strips from pulling off.

After placing the stays on the ends the side strips may be firmly sewed together to make hanging loops, to which light line may be added at pleasure when needed. If the pillow and bedding will not keep far enough apart, light round sticks may be inserted anywhere across the loops by working a large eyelet in the strips to hold the stick ends.

No More Crinolines.

We had hoped better things of fashion, but nothing seems able to stop her on the road of extravagance down which she is slipping. Skirts and sleeves are becoming more and more ample. Skirts are pyramidal, and a large sized pillow would hold within the folds of a balloon sleeve. One thing, however, saves modern fashions from being utterly ungrateful—stiffness is banished, skirts hang in soft folds, and sleeves are loosely draped without a spoon of crinoline or buckram. In fact, in this consists the novelty of the season's toilets. They radiate all stiff linings, and the triumph of a good modiste is to accumulate hollow plaits and drooping folds without the aid of any artificial support. Of course there must be underskirts, and we shall certainly see a return to flounced starched petticoats, but the dress itself stands on the strength of its own material. The only linings used are thin silk or satinette.—Young Ladies' Journal.

Lady Jeanne's Lectures.

Every now and then we hear from Lady Jeanne a loud cry upon some social subject. She tells us how wicked society can be and is, and then, after she has brought a curious crowd about her, attracted by the promising hope of more scandalous disclosures, she lectures very simply and to the point. Her last work, "Lesser Questions," which is attracting

THE BEST ORGANS AND PIANOS

In the city are to be found at the old established Music House of

M. W. WAITT & CO.
64 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Everything in the Music Line at Lowest Prices.

CURIOS AT MORRIS'.

TOURISTS

Can secure beautiful and curious Mongolian Jade-Stone Carvings at

Morris, The Tobacconist,

1721 Colanist Block, Government St.

J. H. WARNER & CO.,
PLUMBERS (Gas, Steam and Hot Water Fitters.
Sewer Connections a Specialty.
103 Yates St., Victoria, B.C.
P.O. Box 358.
mr17-1mo.

a good deal of attention, is a series of characteristic studies upon the evolution of women.

Lady Jeanne is well known to all of us as the Mrs. Ponsonby de Tompkins of George Du Maurier's clever skits in Punch. She is the drawing room diplomat, somebody has said, who can engineer all Mayfair successfully enough through her rooms. She has led her husband in his profession of the law to heights he would most certainly never have attained without her, and she has kept all her claims to distinction well in evidence at the proper moment.—Munsey's.

The Summer Girl's Complexion.

A delightful and simple and soothing lotion for the skin is witch hazel and cold cream, and as the summer girl's complexion must be as soft and clear as her skill at athletic sports she should carry some of the cream in a dainty china box when she goes away.

An ounce each of white wax and spermaceti and one-quarter pint oil of almonds. Melt, pour the mixture into a marble mortar, which has been heated by being immersed for some time in boiling water, add very gradually 3 ounces of rosewater and an ounce of witch hazel and assiduously stir the mixture until an emulsion is formed, and afterward until the mixture is nearly cold.—Chicago Tribune.

Rev. Jeannette Olmstead Married.

Rev. Jeannette Olmstead of Gustavus, O., and Rev. Arthur Ferris of Scranton, Pa., were married on June 12 at the residence of Drs. W. L. and Etta L. Gilchrist, Ashtabula, O. Both bride and groom are pastors of Congregational churches. They were married by Rev. S. B. Hershey, pastor of the local Congregational church. Miss Olmstead has preached acceptably for three years at Gustavus and has been active in suffrage and temperance work.

Garden syringes at Cheapside.

LOW RENT.
LOW PRICES.

HARDRESS CLARKE,
Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.
NICE STORE.
NICE GROCERIES.
A very large assortment of Christie Biscuit just arrived.

LATE STYLES! LOW PRICES!

SUMMER SUITS—MEN'S AND BOYS'.

TENNIS AND BOATING SUITS.

FANCY SHIRTS AND NECKWEAR.

STRAW AND FELT HATS.

UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY.

W. & J. WILSON, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE.

GET OUT OF BED!

COME TO THE

FUNERAL - OF - PROFITS.

We are going to have the biggest kind of Clearance Sale at our store for the next few weeks.

FOR THREE DAYS ONLY,

Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, we will offer you your choice without reserve, of any Boy's or Youth's Suit (Sizes 22 to 36) in our entire stock, at ONE-THIRD OFF THE REGULAR PRICE.

Do you know what this means? It means that on every dollar you spend here, we will give you a discount of 33 cents. This is no fake sale, but a genuine sale of seasonable goods at a price never before heard of in Victoria. Boys! Besides the money we save your parents, we will give you a nice FREE, present with every Suit during this Sale.

55 Johnson Street | CAMERON | 55 Johnson Street

FOR THE BLIND.

A Lecture will be given at the A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates Street, at 8 p.m. on Tuesday Evening, the 6th inst., by Capt. Daniel Beck, on behalf of the adult blind. An attractive programme has been arranged.

ADMISSION FREE.

DENTISTRY.

W. S. DALBY, D.D.S.

Has opened an office in the Vernon Building, corner Douglas and View streets, opposite the Driard. Rooms 3, 4 and 18. Office open until 8 p.m.

OST—A pair eyeglasses, outside the R.C. Cathedral, Thursday morning. The finder will please return them to Colonist office. au2

THEOSOPHY.

DR. ALLAN GRIFFITHS

The Pacific Coast Lecturer will Lecture at 8 o'clock on

SUNDAY EVENING, AUG. 4.

—SUBJECT—

"EVOLUTION OF THE THINKER,"

At Theosophical Headquarters, 28 Broad St. (the Williams Block.)

ADMISSION FREE.

LESSONS given in outdoor sketching from nature. Make up your parties and apply to Lionel C. Barff for terms, 33 Birdseye Walk, or Sommers, Government street.

FROM 5c. PAIR UPWARDS

COTTON HOSE

The White House.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

THE CITY.

DR. ALLAN GRIFFITHS lectures to the Theosophical Society at 28 Broad street this evening on "The Evolution of the Thinker."

The argument in Coughlan & Mayo v. the City was continued yesterday, and the case was again adjourned till Monday morning.

On Friday evening Prof. Aker gave an exhibition of the latest dances at a ball at the A.O.U.W. hall. The exhibition will be given between dances so as not to interfere with those wishing to dance.

H.B. SMITH, C.E., and assistant left this morning by the Charmer to carry out extensive engineering and land surveys in the Kootenay valley for the Alberta and B.C. Exploration Co., of London, England.

At a meeting of the police commissioners yesterday morning Wm. A. Anderson was chosen as constable to fill the vacancy on the city police force. He was selected out of twenty-two applicants for the position.

When the time for receiving designs for the new Board of Trade cover closed yesterday there were in the hands of the secretary over twenty designs. These will be considered on Tuesday by the council of the board which meets at 10 o'clock that morning for the purpose.

AFTER eveninging at Christ Church cathedral this evening, Mr. George Pauline will give an organ recital, of which the programme will be:

Grand Offertoire, in G. Wely Fantasia, in F. W. T. Best Halloworthy Church Bells. Wesley Festival March. Dr. Hoop

ONLY one case, that of a blue-jacket who broke a glass window in Erekine's shoe shop the other night, came up in the police court yesterday. The sailor explained that he was larking and broke the glass accidentally. He expressed his willingness to pay for it by instalments, and though the case was remanded till Monday it is likely a settlement will be arrived at satisfactory to all concerned.

COMBINATION work in the rehearsals for the opera "The Four-Leaved Clover," which is to be presented in the A.O.U.W. hall on the 21st and 22nd inst., is what is now being practised mostly. The management reports the preparations to date as being very satisfactory and encouraging to all concerned. Mr. Ernest Wolf has charge of the musical production of the opera, which will abound with fancy dances of different kinds.

THE City House, Wm. Wilson & Co., 73 Government street, commence a sweeping reduction sale to-morrow, Monday, August 5, and will offer their specially selected stock of staple and fancy dry goods at astonishingly low prices. The City House have made a reputation for carrying only the best goods that could be procured for this market, and the chance now offered is seldom given for securing choice goods at prices lower than those asked for inferior qualities.

JAMES BAY bridge caught fire yesterday, the result of somebody dropping a lighted cigar alongside the footway instead of throwing his discarded tobacco over the railing into the water. Fanned by the breeze a nice little fire started up between the double planks of the roadway flooring. Fortunately a fireman working on the wires overhead saw the mishap and a message brought Chief Dwyer and the chemical engine along. In the meantime several buckets of water were poured where they did the most good and a stream from the chemical finished the business.

THE following letter should be interesting reading for the parties who at one time were promoting the establishment of linseed oil works at Sidney. Victoria capitalists might also note that the industry seems to be one that would repay an investment:

TORONTO, 174 Dundas St., 22nd July, '95.

DEAR SIR:—I noticed in your paper some time ago, a linseed oil mill was likely to be established in your section of country, perhaps at Sidney, near Victoria, B.C.

Without wishing to put you to any trouble, may I ask what movements have been made in that direction? It is one of the leading crops with us since wheat has so declined in price, the seed alone being worth more than wheat per bushel, while the fibre is more profitable than the seed.

J. A. DONALDSON.

THE following programme was rendered at the concert given by the South Saanich Temperance Society in their hall, South Saanich, on Friday evening: Chairman's remarks, Rev. Lamont; instrumental duet, Mrs. Butler and Mr. Brooks; song, Misses Roberts; recitation, Miss McFarlane; song, Miss Fraser; song, Mr. Moody; reading, Mr. Sloggett; song, Miss Thompson; song, Rev. Trotter; duet, Misses Cutler; piano solo, Mr. De Lue; glee, by members of the union; instrumental duet, Mrs. Cutler and Mrs. Butler; song, Miss Martindale; song, Claude Butler; recitation, Rev. J. A. Ashton; song, Miss Edith Cutler; violin solo, Miss Roberts; song and chorus, Misses Cutler and Misses Brooks and Martindale; song, S. Cutler; song, Miss McFarlane, and dialogue, Misses Butler.

THE closing exercises of the kindergarten lately established on Douglas street by Mrs. Day were held at Gypseywyk, by the kind permission of Mrs. A. A. Green, on Wednesday last. The parents and friends of the little ones formed a most appreciative audience, while the Hon. Col. Baker showed the great advantage the kindergarten trained child had over the one taught under the old system, and congratulated Mrs. Day and her able kindergarten, Miss Matthews, on the thoroughness of the work already done. Mrs. Day's report showed that the number on the roll had doubled during the past three months, that the attendance had been satisfactory and good progress made. Next term still larger numbers are expected, and she hoped that physical culture, needlework and Sloyd would be added to the list of subjects taught. The children's part of the proceedings followed, and consisted of a varied programme of marches, trade games, finger plays and songs, many of which were very pretty in grouping and effect, and all of which in one way or another are calculated to teach useful lessons, to help in forming the children's minds and to build up good character. Mrs. Baker presented baskets of flowers to Paula Irving and Olive Day, who had not missed one attendance, and to Florence Adams, who had been selected by the children as the most helpful child during the term, the child who never said "I can't." Specimens of the children's work were on exhibit, and in the play models some objects were excellent, notably a rabbit and one or two vases. A vote of thanks to the chairman and the hostess and the singing of the National Anthem brought the proceedings to a close.

Mamma, was that a sugar-plum you just gave me?" asked little Mahal. "No, dear, it was one of Dr. Ayer's pills." "Please may I have another?" "Not now, dear; one of those nice pills is all you need at present, because every dose is effective."

When a man tries a Flor de Vallon cigar he generally continues to use them.

SISTER SOCIETIES.

Two New Lodges Will Open Up in Victoria This Week—Good Templars' Installation.

A camp of the Canadian jurisdiction of the "Woodmen of the World" will be instituted in this city during this week, with probably the largest charter member list of any lodge ever organized in this province. Mr. M. D. Roche, provincial organizer, and his deputy, Mr. H. U. Johnson, have been in the city for several weeks and have secured as members some of the most prominent business and professional men in the city. The list already contains 110 names. The order is a very strong and popular one, there being camps in Vancouver, Nanaimo and most of the cities of Washington and Oregon. Delegates from these camps will be invited to attend the institution of the Victoria camp. Notices will be sent to each member as to the date and place of the organization meeting.

A branch of the Royal Arcanum will, it is expected, be organized in Victoria this week.

Fernwood lodge, C. O. O. F., at its regular meeting on Friday evening appointed Dr. Ernest Hall as lodge surgeon. At the next meeting of the lodge degrees will be conferred. Members entitled to receive degrees are requested to be present. The officers and members of the lodge will pay an official visit to Dauntless lodge at their last meeting in August, when the visiting brethren will officer Dauntless lodge and render a first-class programme.

Provincial Grand Master Bro. J. Tagg is now paying official visits to the lodges in B. C. jurisdiction, and is expected to return to Victoria in about a fortnight.

The installation of Triumph lodge, I. O. G. T., was held during the week, the new officers being: C. T. Bro. Griffin; V. T., Sister Isbister; P. C. T., Bro. Moody; Sec., Bro. Andrews; Treas., Sister Clark; F. S., Sister Whitaker; Chap., Bro. Bainbridge; M. Bro. Culpin; G. Bro. Carlisle; Sent., Bro. Ingham; L. D. Bro. Bainbridge; Ass. Sec., Bro. Channing; D. M., Sister Atkins; S. J. T. Sister Newbiggin.

The Victoria brethren have been invited to attend the reunion of Nanaimo K. of P. on August 24.

Vancouver encampment, No. 1, I. O. O. F., meets on Tuesday next at 8 p.m. All patriots who have not received the Purple degree are requested to attend, to receive that degree.

Columbia lodge No. 2, I. O. O. F., conferred the first degree on a brother on Wednesday evening. The team will practise the second degree next meeting night.

The prospects for a large crowd and a good time on the I. O. O. F. excursion to Tacoma by the City of Kingston on the 17th inst. are excellent. Arrangements are about completed for a grand concert on board on the return trip, besides which there will be plenty of music both going and coming. It is the intention of the committee that the forthcoming excursion shall eclipse all previous ones held in the name of the order.

MARINE MOVEMENTS.

The steamship Umatilla, which left San Francisco yesterday morning, has the following cabin passengers for Victoria: Miss E. Stevens, W. B. Dillard, G. C. Shaw, G. J. Stockhand, H. C. Burson and wife, W. W. Taylor, Miss Helen Ruth, Miss E. Clark, E. V. Nash, D. Finlayson, Gladys Ward, O. L. Baker, William England, R. J. Baker, Miss Fay Watson, Daisy Murdoch, Miss E. Thorn, Thomas Mann and R. V. Edgson.

Tug Lorne arrived in from the Cape yesterday for orders.

ENTERED.	
Str. Charmer.	from Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.	" Port Townsend.
" Rosalie.	" "
" Schomo.	" "
" R. P. Rithet.	" N. Westminster.
" Evangel.	" Port Angeles.
" Joan.	" Nanaimo.
CLEARED.	
Str. Charmer.	for Vancouver.
" City of Kingston.	" Port Townsend.
" Rosalie.	" "
" Schomo.	" "
" R. P. Rithet.	" N. Westminster.
" Evangel.	" Port Angeles.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD.

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind. Effects of Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—Benefits in a day. Mentality from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.
Jy17-d&wy

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE

Furniture and Bedding, Carpets and Linoleum, Window Shades, Curtains, Crockery and Glassware, Patent Enamelled Ware, Children's Carriages, Lamps, Outlery, etc.

SLAUGHTER PRICES

for cash only, at

The Sehl-Hastie-Erskine Furniture Co'y
60 and 62 Government Street.

FOR DANDRUFF

GENTLEMEN FIND PALMO-TAR SOAP EXCELLENT
IT CLEANS THE SCALP, RELIEVES THE DRYNESS AND SO PREVENTS HAIR FALLING OUT.
BIG CAKES HANDSOMELY PUT UP 25¢

NOTICES.

No. 247.
A BY-LAW

To Amend the "Sewerage Commissioners' Appointment and Sewerage Assessment By-law," No. 231.

The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:—

Sec. 1. That the third section of the preamble of the "Sewerage Commissioners' Appointment and Sewerage Assessment By-law, 1894," be struck out.

Sec. 2. That sections 1, 2, sub-sections (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), sections 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, sub-section (a), sections 9 and 13 of the said by-law are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This by-law may be cited as "The Sewerage Commissioners' Appointment and Sewerage Assessment Amendment By-law, 1895."

Passed the Municipal Council the 5th day of July, 1895.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 5th day of July, 1895.

[L.S.] JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above notice is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 8th day of July, A.D. 1895, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

No. 248.
RATES AND TAXES BY-LAW, 1895.

THE Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

1. There is hereby settled, imposed and levied, and there shall be raised and collected, an equal rate of fifteen mills on the dollar upon all the land upon the Assessment Roll for the year 1895 of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, at its assessed value thereon.

2. There is hereby settled, imposed and levied, and there shall be raised and collected, an equal rate of fifteen mills on the dollar upon all improvements upon the Assessment Roll for the year 1895 of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, at their assessed value thereon.

3. There is hereby settled, imposed and levied, and there shall be raised and collected, a special rate of one mill on the dollar upon all land upon the Assessment Roll for the year 1895 of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, at its assessed value thereon, for Board of Health and Hospital purposes, additional to the sum mentioned in section 170 of the "Municipal Act, 1892."

4. There is hereby settled, imposed and levied, and there shall be raised and collected, a special rate of two mills on the dollar upon all land upon the Assessment Roll for the year 1895 of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, at its assessed value thereon, for school purposes, additional to the sum mentioned in section 170 of the "Municipal Act, 1892."

5. The aforesaid rates and taxes shall be due and payable to the Collector of the said Corporation, at his office, at the City Hall, Victoria, on the 30th day of August, A.D. 1895, and all persons who pay the aforesaid rates or taxes on or before the 31st day of October, A.D. 1895, shall be entitled to a discount or reduction of one-sixth of the amount thereof.

6. The rates and taxes on land or on improvements which are unpaid on the 31st day of December, A.D. 1895, shall bear interest thereon until paid in full, at the rate of six per centum per annum thereon.

7. The terms "land" or "improvements," as used in this by-law, shall have the meaning set forth in section 2 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," and amending Acts.

8. Any by-law or by-laws containing any provision or provisions which may be or which are inconsistent with or repugnant to the provisions of this by-law is and are hereby repealed in so far only as the same are so inconsistent or repugnant, but got otherwise, so as that full force and effect shall be given to the provisions of this by-law.

9. This by-law may be cited as the "Tax By-law, 1895."

Passed the Municipal Council the 8th day of July, 1895.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed by the Council this 12th day of July, 1895.

[L.S.] JOHN TEAGUE, Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 12th day of July, A.D. 1895, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any part thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

NOTICE.

Menzies Street, between Belleville St. and Superior Street is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

MATERNITY

at Samaritan Home, removed to larger premises, at 199 Johnson street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or to Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or to Mrs. Finmeroff, George Road.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

UPPER LAKE STEAMSHIPS
ATHABASCA, ALBERTA AND MANITOBA

Connect with all through trains for the East at Port William every Sunday, Wednesday and Thursday, for Owen Sound and Windsor.

Rates Cheaper and Time Faster Than via Any Other Route.

HANDSOMELY UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS

Running through without change, leave the Coast every Sunday, Wednesday and Saturday to connect with these steamers.

For rates and full particulars apply to GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From all European points.

FROM MONTREAL.

Allan Line. Sardinian. Aug 17
Dominion Line. Laurentian. Aug 24
Beaver Line. Mariposa. Aug 27
Beaver Line. Labrador. Aug 27
Beaver Line. Lake Huron. Aug 27
Beaver Line. Lake Superior. Aug 28

FROM NEW YORK.

Cunard Line. Lucania. Aug 17
American Line. Kurraria. Aug 24
White Star Line. New York. Aug 24
Red Star Line. Britannic. Aug 24
North Ger. Lloyd. Westerland. Aug 24
Anchor Line. Necker. Aug 24
Allan State Line. Furesia. Aug 24
Allan State Line. Circe. Aug 24
Allan State Line. State of Nebraska. Aug 24
Allan State Line. State of California. Aug 31

For rates, berths, tickets and all information apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY, General S.S. Agent,

C.P.R. Ticket Office.

Cor. Port and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC

PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS

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St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Crookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED IN KNOTS. VICTORIA ROUTE. TONNAGE.

8.30 pm Milw. Victoria. Ar 11.00 4.30 pm

11.45 pm 33 Port Townsend. Ar 7.30 1.30 pm

3.00 am 32 Seattle. Ar 10.15 5.00 am

4.45 am 110 Ar Tacoma. Lv 8.00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.

A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 255 Morrison St., cor. Third St., Portland, Or.

NOTICE.

The following streets are closed to public traffic: Yates Street, between Blanchard and Vancouver Streets, and and Fort Street, between Quadra and Blanchard Streets.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Pandora Street between Blanchard and Quadra Streets is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

July 29, 1895.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

TAX ON DOGS.

Owners of dogs are requested to take notice that the tax for the year 1895 on every dog within the City of Victoria is now due.

The provisions of the "Pound By-law" and the "Revenue By-law, 1893," will be enforced with respect to any such tax remaining unpaid from this date.

Mr. Robert Carter is authorized to collect the above tax.

CHAS. KENT, Collector.

City Collector's Office, City Hall, Victoria, B.C., May 2nd, 1895.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE No. 24.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Friday, April 5th 1895. Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND—READ UP		
No. 1 Pass. Daily.	No. 3 Pass. Sat. & Sun.	
At 12.16 pm	At 8.30 pm	
12.20	8.25	
12.26	8.18	
12.30	8.12	
12.36	8.05	
11.53	8.06	
11.43	7.57	
11.15	7.40	
11.10	7.30	
10.40	7.02	
10.25	6.53	
10.15	6.43	
10.05	6.33	
10.00	6.25	
9.53	6.20	
9.48	6.15	
9.41	6.10	
9.31	6.04	
9.21	5.98	
9.10	5.93	
De. 8.20 am	De. 5.13 pm	

FARMERS' CONVENTION.

President Hutcherson's Opening Address at the Gathering of Farmers, Fruit Growers and Dairymen at Agassiz.

The following is a full report of the admirable address with which President Hutcherson opened the Farmers' Convention at Agassiz on Thursday:

Ladies and Gentlemen: We have assembled here for the holding of the second annual convention, under the auspices of the above associations. It having become customary for the president of the different associations to read an article before you on behalf of the Central Farmers' Institute, I have much pleasure in submitting the following: In this day and age of progression it is expected that if a man presumes to stand before the people and demand the attention of the public ear, that he has something interesting, if not entirely new, to communicate. And although the subject of agriculture is as broad as the universe, and the people affected thereby as numerous as the stars which bedeck the night heavens, still the agricultural press, the agricultural college, and the farmers' institutes have made it very difficult to say anything new upon this subject. Broad as it may be, I wish to say to you to day that I never had the least occasion to regret my chosen profession.

I believe there is no business on earth which affords the same amount of pleasure and independence that may be found in systematic and sensible farming. Where can you find a place where the brightness and beauty of the spring are seen so abundantly as on a farm? What can be more beautiful than the broad pastures dotted with cattle and sheep, and the orchards with their laden branches sending forth the richest of perfumes, and promising abundant harvest? With summer comes the click of the busy mower and the smell of new mown hay. In all parts of the day, from morning until evening, there are some spots of brightness if we will but see them. What is more beautiful to the farmer, though he is weary from his day's labor, than his herds of sleek cattle coming one by one into the barnyard for their food and drink? The flock of bleating sheep, and even the calls of the homely pigs, and the cluck of the mother hen, all these remind him that in the cold winter months he will not want, and his table will be bountifully supplied with the fruits of his summer labor.

I wish I could disabuse the minds of the people of the thought that everybody knows how to farm. If we shall ever take our place among the business men of earth, to which the importance of our calling entitles us, it will be after we have exhausted every means within our reach for a complete understanding of our work. The people must eventually discover that labor and capital employed in tillage and husbandry is as worthy of legislative consideration as labor and capital employed in mining, commerce and manufacture. And the sooner the fact shall be fully established in the minds of the people, the sooner will the struggle of the friends of improvement be crowned with success, and the victory won over ignorance and traditions. There is a grand principle involved in the science of agriculture, which affects not only this generation but all succeeding generations, and forms the basis of all permanent improvements, and the highest hopes of an intelligent and progressive people.

I never had any patience with the sedentary farmer. I mean the farmer who would sit around the streets on dry goods boxes in the summer time telling long stories while the weeds were devouring his crops, and who would sit around the saloons in the winter time and drink beer and munch tobacco, while poverty and cold were devouring his stock. Of course we have no such farmers in British Columbia, but I hear there are legions in other provinces. You will always find this class dead set against agricultural colleges and farmers' institutes. They are always complaining against unjust legislation. You will find this class in favor of the organization of a political party that shall give them their rights.

On the questions of dyking and irrigation, the handling of the products of our fields, orchards and dairies, the better social and educational advantages for the farmer, equal taxation, the control of corporate bodies and a fair distribution of the profits of labor, we can agree and co-operate. We should do this now. I call on you for committees on these and other questions that will come up during the holding of this convention, and would request that a special committee be appointed to take up the question of co-operation in the marketing of agricultural, horticultural and dairy products of the province.

Now, brother farmers, I wish to say, parenthetically, I don't believe there is any legislation on the face of the earth that will ever improve our condition till we fertilize our exhausted soils and improve upon our slipshod methods of farming, and become well informed in regard to economical improvements in cultivation, plants and balanced rations for stock. I believe I voice the sentiments of those present when I say, by all means let the farmer members of our legislature and parliament stand shoulder to shoulder in just effort for the advancement of our agriculture, and still more firmly resist encroachment of special legislation in the interests of railroad trusts and other monopolies that thrive at the public expense. The farmer does not need, and should not ask for class legislation in his own interests, but should be equally and everlastingly determined to put a stop to the many special favors that have been shown to other industries and many of the professions. I am pleased to report a marked improvement in agriculture and horticulture and dairying interests in the province.

In stock raising the outlook is encouraging, the gloomy features which have pervaded the agricultural community for some time have given way to a confidence in the future. I congratulate the farmers of British Columbia upon the pluck and energy shown through the time of misfortune and depression and to the abundant harvest now on hand. I note a tendency throughout the farming districts for organization of farmers and fruit growers into co-operative societies for the handling and marketing of their products. The forming of societies known as the Patrons of Industry in some sections, and the co-operation in the manufacturing of butter and cheese in others, show plainly that the farmers of this province are now fully alive to their own interests and are now ripe for organization.

In the matter of co-operation for the sale of produce of our farms we cannot afford to delay, nor can we afford to hesitate and postpone action. We must move and defend our home interests, hold our own markets and endeavor to gain others. I appeal to you, farmers and fruit growers, move harmoniously and sink local differences, and unite in supporting and assisting our all important interests in this province. We can agree to disagree on partisan questions, settling such differences in the arena of politics.

By using Hall's Hair Renewer, gray, faded or discolored hair assumes the natural color of youth, and grows luxuriant and strong, pleasing everybody.

Carpenters' tools at Cheapside.

\$2

PER ANNUM

THE PIONEER NEWSPAPER

\$2

PER ANNUM

THE WEEKLY COLONIST

ESTABLISHED 1858.

Most Interesting Weekly Newspaper
Published in British Columbia.

Every Issue Contains Full Local, Provincial and General News.

SEND IT ABROAD.

Information about British Columbia is now sought for in every quarter of the English-speaking world. There is no better evidence of the progress and prosperity of the Province than that furnished by the character of its Newspapers. It is universally conceded that THE COLONIST is first among the excellent Newspapers of British Columbia. If you desire to advise your friends abroad on matters pertaining to this Province, you can use no more accurate and convincing argument than furnished you in THE WEEKLY COLONIST.

READ IT AT HOME.

Residents in every section of the Province should read THE WEEKLY COLONIST if they wish to keep posted on the News of the World, the News of the Province, or on the Political Situation—Provincial, Dominion or Imperial. THE COLONIST is ably edited, supplies the cream of the Local and Foreign News, and furnishes a vast amount of general information valuable to every reader. The ladies are not forgotten, for the Fashions of the Day and other matters peculiar to women are described and illustrated by clever people. Your family will be more intelligent by constantly reading British Columbia's Great Weekly.

FOR \$2 PER YEAR

THE WEEKLY COLONIST will be sent, postage free, to any part of Canada or the United States. To all European countries, the postal charge per copy is 2 cents, making the paper \$3.00 per year. You can send your subscription direct to the office of publication, or pay it to any authorized agent. You can subscribe for it at any time. The best time is now. Address all letters to

The Colonist Printing & Publishing Co., Ltd.,

VICTORIA BRITISH COLUMBIA.

A Parliamentary Expert.

One of the latest phases of woman's activity in the questions of the day is the novel fact noticed recently of a lady giving lectures on parliamentary law and procedure before two large and attentive classes composed exclusively of ladies. The lecturer, Mrs. I. A. Conklin, has made a close study of her subject and understands it in its minute details and for practical application. She teaches privately or in classes, and has lectured in 37 different states, having among her students bank presidents, clergymen, lawyers and laymen, all ready to hear her remarkably explicit and instructive analysis of the principles of rulings in organized bodies.

The apparent intricacies of parliamentary procedure are unraveled before Mrs. Conklin's classes by actual practice, and every knotty point is explained until each member feels she has satisfactorily grasped the point involved. In view of the numerous women's societies and kindred associations that now exist, Mrs. Conklin may almost be said to be educating a class of presidents and other officers, as in one of her classes of keenly interested students in the last week every member either presides over or takes an active part in the conduct of some prominent organization among women. —New York Times.

Screaming Colors in English Taste.

I don't think the present screaming colors, writes "L. N.," are due to French influence, but I do think art and artists have had something to do with them. A couple of years ago Mr. Sargent painted a wonderful portrait of a lady in a magenta dress. That was the beginning of it. Every one talked of the picture, and every woman talked of the dress, and before the season was well on the detestable color was fashionable. The following year Mr. Hacker painted a number of sleeping girls in a wood. The sun streamed down through the green leaves and purple poppies were growing in the grass. The poppies were not as daring as the pink magenta, but they were more becoming.

Last year the same painter gave us another green and poppy picture. Then the milliners took it up, only they changed the poppies for roses, and they added the screaming magenta to the purple and set the ball going. That ball is going at a mad rate now. Cornflower blue and peacock green, pink magenta and violet, emerald green and lavender—these combinations screamed from coaches in the park this morning. This is not French taste. It is English taste. —London Globe.

Some Little Economies.

The pretty shirt fronts of embroidered muslin and insertion, so dainty, yet so high priced, have set many nimble fingers to work, as most young women prefer to make them for themselves. To further this object many of the best shopkeepers sell now by the yard combinations of tucks, needlework, insertions and tiny lace ruffles, which are from 10 to 12 inches wide, and when bordered on each side with plain muslin and finished with a band at the throat and drawing string at the waist line complete the garment.

To make an entire bodice two lengths of the band are required, one for front and one for the back, and little skill is required to adjust them to the figure by the aid of the plain sheer muslin which forms the rest of the bodice. Dotted white swiss and plain white organdies are now being made up by fashionable dressmakers for summer gowns over slips of colored silk. An economical mother with several well dressed daughters has had the slips made of colored silesia and entirely separate from the gown—a slip and low bodice of yellow silesia, one of pale pink and one of cool green are among those recently made up, and the soft and lustrous effect of silk is perfectly well simulated in the silesia, at one-third the cost. —Vogue.

What causes bad dreams is a question that has never been satisfactorily answered; but, in nine cases out of ten, frightful dreams are the result of imperfect digestion, which a few doses of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will effectually remedy. Don't delay—try it to-day.

Flor de Vallon cigars are incomparable at Harry Salmon's.

THE CHICAGO MINERAL CLAIM.

Situated on Mineral Creek, Alberni.

Take notice that I, B. H. John, Free Miner's Certificate No. 33,348 intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Government of British Columbia to purchase the Chicago Mineral Claim, situated on Mineral Creek, in the Alberni Mining Division of Alberni District.

And further take notice, that adverse claims must be sent to the Gold Commissioner and action commenced before the expiration of this notice.

Dated August 2, 1895. au3 2mo

THE ALBERNI MINERAL CLAIM.

Situated on Mineral Creek, Alberni.

Take notice that I, Elizabeth Jane Saunders, Free Miner's Certificate No. 33,378, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Government of British Columbia to purchase the Alberni Mineral Claim, situated on Mineral Creek, in the Alberni Mining Division of Alberni District.

And further take notice, that adverse claims must be sent to the Gold Commissioner and action commenced before expiration of this notice.

Dated August 2, 1895. au2-2mo

FOR THE NORTH

STEAMER

BARBARA

BOSCOWITZ

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails, will sail for Fort Simpson, Queen Charlotte Islands and way ports, via Vancouver, on TUESDAY, AUG. 6, at 7 p.m., from Porters' Wharf. For freight or passage apply to

CAPT. J. D. WARREN, Manager,

6 Truncheon Avenue.

GEO. A. SARGISON

NOTARY PUBLIC,

Accountant & Agent,

48 LANGLEY ST.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE THERMOMETER.

ESQUIMAULT STATION, Aug. 3, 1895.
Report for 24 hours ending 9 p.m.

Time	Temp.	Mean	Direction of wind
1 a.m.	59°	62°	
5 a.m.	56°		
9 a.m.	64°		
1 p.m.	72°		
5 p.m.	68°		
9 p.m.	57°		

Average state of weather—Fair and Smoky.
Sunshine—9 hrs. 15 min.
E. BAYNES REED, Observer.

PARAGRAPHS.

Per Steamer CHARMER from Vancouver.—Lieut. Gov. Dewdney, Chief Justice Davis, Col. Baker, J. R. Macdonald, J. D. Hall, Major Muttar, J. G. Abbott, T. G. Earle, J. C. Macdonald, R. M. Palmer, W. T. Carson, G. McKenney, J. C. Harris, R. Musgrave, Dr. Milne, J. T. McMillan, J. H. Whitmore, G. Hadwin, John Lamberton, John T. Mahon, Miss Lamberton, W. G. McKenzie, E. C. Musgrave, E. A. Price, T. Carson, Alex. Begg, Miss Allan, C. A. McKerson, Miss Fraser, Jas. Fletcher, J. H. Seavern, A. C. Dugdale, Alex. Dunlop, E. J. James.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound.—M. A. Joseph, E. B. Wilson, Mrs. J. R. Arkley, H. W. Saunders, John Weiser and wife, Miss Smith, Mrs. E. A. Ward, Mrs. E. Disher, Miss L. Disher, J. W. Digby, Mrs. O. D. Young, G. R. Clover, W. Leck, Mrs. E. Howell, M. Jones, T. Jones, H. C. Brown and wife, T. Holland, A. Rosenborg and wife, S. Berg, Miss F. Reid.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound.—Miss J. Good, P. A. Paulson, Mrs. Parmino, Mrs. Griswold.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer CHARMER from Vancouver.—E. J. Saunders, Chemical Works, D. H. Ross, E. Barrett, M. P. Frank, J. H. Brown, F. & Co., Order K. & M. Blake & McK. Dom Ex Co., Wilson Bros, R. G. Prior & Co., R. Ward & Co., Martin & R. Challenger, M. Perry & C. Jas. Mitchell, Weller Bros, Turner & Co., G. R. Garneau, F. & Co., Lenz & L. J. Burrows, J. Partridge, J. Hutchison, Vict. Phoenix Brew Co., Comdg. Royal Engineers.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound.—G. E. T. Cardillo, Carson & P. M. Quade & Son, J. B. Taylor, John Wilson & Co., Shore & A. E. G. Prior & Co., Moore & C. L. Goodacre.

Per Steamer ROSALIE from the Sound.—S. M. Hartman, E. J. Saunders, R. B. Oxley, G. N. G. Marden, C. Brand.

SUBSTITUTION

In Prescriptions, of inferior or imitation preparations is practised by many druggists. Substitution in every way is prohibited at the P. F. F. Physicians Prescriptions and Family Receipts accurately prepared from Pure Drugs our specialty.

C. E. JONES, 36 Gov't St. Always Open

DIED.

Rowtham—In this city on the 1st instant, Arthur James Rowtham, a native of England, aged 42 years.

The funeral will take place TO-DAY (Sunday) at 2 o'clock, from the hall of the Ancient Order of United Workmen, Yatesstreet. Friends are invited to attend.

What She Will Be.

There is one woman in New York who looks for the new woman to be a person with both eyes wide open and her eyes teeth cut, figuratively speaking, and her mental and moral digestion as good as her physical digestion needs to be in order to live at all. From her knowledge of life I look for her to evolve a philosophy, an optimism and a sentiment that can carry self reliance to others, even as she divines it for herself. It has been a comparatively simple matter for women, shielded as they have been in the home, to propound theories and worship their ideals and have the worship all by themselves without knowing it. The new woman must learn conditions, and then her theories will be less ethereal and therefore more practical and sympathetic. A woman's theory founded on an ideal is the most absurd thing in the world. The feminine mind is capable of great optimism and therefore of the purest sentiment. When condition finds it worth while to live up to theory that is founded on truth and not on the ideal, as it certainly must in time not far hence, we shall have a truer, better status of society. It will be the era of the new woman.—Haryot Holt Cahoon in New York Recorder.

New York's Woman's Building.

Work has begun on the Woman's building to be erected in New York. The house, which is to be for the exclusive use of women, will be very handsome and fitted up with every luxury. In the basement, baths, hair dressing rooms, manicure shops, etc., are to be located. Club, reading and assembly rooms, as well as library, offices and a restaurant, will occupy the first floor. The upper floors are to be divided into apartments, single rooms and suites. The building will cost \$750,000.

An Able Woman.

Mrs. Schuyler Van Rensselaer is to be a member of the New York school board, by appointment of the mayor. Mrs. Van Rensselaer has been a conspicuous opponent of equal rights for women; but, like some of our most prominent Massachusetts "remonstrants," she has no objection to holding public office herself. She is an able woman and will be an acquisition to the school board. Her experiences as a member of it may convert her to woman suffrage.—Woman's Journal.

Keep your money at home and buy your blank books from The Colonist Bindery.

First prize at World's Fair, Flor de Valen cigars, at Harry Salmon's.

Do you want a Hammock that will last more than a single season? Get one of those Weller Bros. are selling and it will last for years.

Insure your plate glass. Mellor.

WHAT YOU can get by advertising in THE COLONIST, and it will not WANT to cost you much.

Drake; Thursday, Mrs. Dunsmaur; Friday, Mrs. Ward; Saturday, Mrs. Crease. The tournament tickets, good for the whole week, will be \$1.50 each, and can be obtained at the gate after 10 a.m. tomorrow; the daily admission will be 50 cents. Tickets have been sent out to all the players; if anyone has not received them, notice to that effect should be given to the secretary without delay. In every case it will be necessary to produce the cards at the gate. Mrs. Pooley has kindly consented to give away the prizes on Saturday as soon as the matches are over.

The club singles which occupied the afternoons of the past week, were brought down to finals at 6:30 p.m. yesterday. The matches were played in accordance with the fixtures, the first one being between C. C. Woreford and J. F. Foulkes for a place in the semi-finals. The former started from scratch, whilst Foulkes owed 30. The games were closely contested, but the champion managed to come out ahead in two consecutive sets, 6, 4, 6, 5. The next match brought out H. F. Mytton (rec. 30) and J. A. Rithet (rec. 30) as antagonists. Rithet took the first set rather easily, with 6-2. On changing ends the second set was—after the first game—well under Mytton's control for a time, the 2nd set, 4th, 5th and 6th falling to his credit. Rithet, however, worked hard and succeeded in running away with the next five games, thus making the score 6-5 and leading in the final. Foulkes (owed 30) and R. Harvey (receives 30) had a glorious battle for supremacy, but the odds against the former proved to be severe, and Harvey won two sets out of three, the scores being 6-5, 2-6, 6-2. The final now lies between J. A. Rithet and R. Harvey, who will probably play off on Tuesday.

FIXTURES FOR TO-MORROW.

10 a.m.—Ladies' singles, Miss S. Pemberton vs. Miss Scott; also gentlemen's singles, E. A. Jacob vs. R. Harvey.
11 a.m.—Gentlemen's singles, H. W. F. Pollok vs. F. N. Stirling.
11 a.m.—Ladies' singles, Miss M. Drake vs. Miss Anderson.
Noon—Ladies' doubles, Mrs. W. T. Marvin and Miss Eastley vs. Mrs. Parkes and Miss Dickinson.
2 p.m.—Gentlemen's singles, G. Ainslie vs. J. D. Pemberton.
2:30 p.m.—Ladies' doubles, Mrs. Wm. V. Burrill and Miss Kershaw vs. Mrs. Dunsmaur and Miss A. Pooley.
4 p.m.—Ladies' and gentlemen's doubles (open), Miss Wright and G. C. Johnston vs. Miss M. Goward and A. T. Goward.
4:30 p.m.—Same event as last, Miss M. Green and G. D. Ward vs. Miss Eastley and R. C. Gamble.
5 p.m.—Gentlemen's doubles (open), E. A. Jacob and W. H. Langley vs. G. H. Barnard and P. S. Lampman.
5:30—Gentlemen's doubles, C. C. Woreford and F. O'Reilly vs. R. Musgrave and L. T. Falls.
5:30—Mixed doubles (open), Miss C. Powell and G. V. Cuppage vs. Miss Barkley and R. E. Barkley.
6:00—Gentlemen's singles, C. A. Giffin vs. R. C. Gamble.
If time permits other matches will be arranged.

BASEBALL.

NANAIMO, Aug. 3. (Special).—In the baseball match between Nanaimo and Vancouver the coal city won, the score being Nanaimo 16, Vancouver 5.

THE WHEEL.

REYNARD AND ALLEY QUALIFY. The last of the selection heats for the Harris handicap road race of 10 1/2 miles was ridden at Beacon Hill yesterday in a full gallop, M. C. Reynard (3 min.), and T. E. Alley (scratch), qualifying for the final. W. Bradley (scratch), George Lincoln (3 30) and C. H. Gibbons (1 40) also rode, and the city champion made a fine fight for second place and time honors with Alley, who beat him out in the stretch by a bare half second. The track was heavy and slow, and the time made by Alley (who by the way is the first of the scratch men to qualify) stands as one of the crack performances of the season. Bradley rode in hard luck, being forced to change wheels during the race owing to a tire mishap, but finished gamely as usual. Reynard, who had only to overhaul Lincoln, once again justified the confidence of his friends and made a cool and speedy finish. The result of the heat summarized is as below:

Place.	Rider.	Mount.	Wt.	H.c.p.	Time.
1.	M. C. Reynard.	Eagle.	21 1/2	3.00	34.00
2.	T. E. Alley.	Stearns.	21 1/2	Scratch	34.18
3.	W. Bradley.	Brantford.	16 1/2	Scratch	34.18

The result of yesterday's race leaves the following eligible for the final struggle: H.

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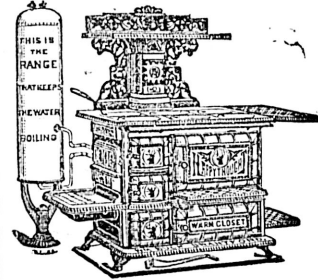
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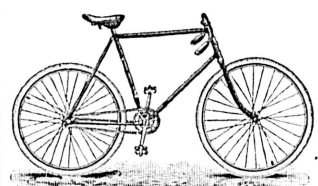
PERRY & TURNER

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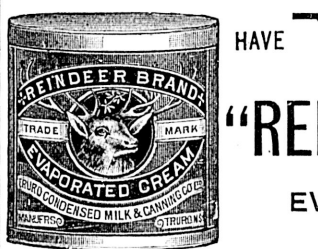


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REINDEER BRAND EVAPORATED CREAM.

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Wille (4 mins.), T. A. Johnson and M. C. Reynard (3 mins.), C. Bush (2 mins.), T. G. Moody, jr., (1.40 mins.), W. Hewartson (1.30 mins.), T. W. Kavanagh (1 min.), and F. E. Alley (scratch).

YACHTING.

The second of the fortnightly sailing races of the Victoria Canoe Club came off yesterday afternoon. The course was from the harbor around a point at the mouth of the harbor and return, twice over the course. Four canoes started: W. Christie's Electra, C. A. Godson, W. S. Gore and F. G. White's Lorna. Owing to the heavy wind all canoes were reefed. White reached the first turning point ahead, but mislaid and was passed by the balance of the fleet. Christie rounded the second and third turns ahead, and finished an easy winner. Godson sailed under the disadvantage of a suit of sails strange to him, his own having got soaked with water before the race, owing to a capsize at the club house. The standing of the fleet is now:

THE "DEBORAH" WINS.

The following yachts started in yesterday's half-race: Annie, Viola, Plunger, Deborah and Edith. A high wind was blowing and all the yachts were fully reefed down except the Annie, which started with full sail. The Deborah shook out the reef in her mainsail before reaching Sehl's Point, and from there on took the lead and keeping in tight round the course came in about five minutes ahead of the Plunger, which was in second with the Annie third.

HERE AND THERE.

GENERAL GOSSIP OF CURRENT EVENTS. Dr. Baker's "Dandy" was the winner of the horse race at Clover Point yesterday afternoon. Each of the five horses entered for the event ran, and a good second place was taken by W. Snider's "Jim S." After the race "Dandy" was matched to run with H. Cole's "Jennie C." on Tuesday morning for a purse of \$50.

The score of the O. K. V. Mayflower lacrosse match on Friday was 7 to 6 in favor of the Mayflowers, instead of 7 to 2.

Recent Publications.

John March Southern—G. W. Cable.	75c
Perly Cross—Blackmore.	75c
The Devil's Playground.	75c
Highland Cousins—Wm. Black.	75c
Beyond the Dreams of Avarice—Besant.	75c
Boy—Myrtle and Font Grouet.	75c
Corona of the Nantaholes.	75c
Peter Steel the Cricketer.	75c
My Early Travels and Adventures—Stanley.	75c
Sinners 1st win—John Mack.	75c

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Carpets, Art Squares, Japanese Rugs and Furniture of every description at Weller Bros.

Gardening tools at Cheapside.

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\$100 REWARD

Will be given to anyone who will give such information as will lead to the conviction of any person or persons imitating our trade mark by stamping plugs of Tobacco with brand in such a manner as to lead consumers to believe that they are receiving our

MYRTLE NAVY

TOBACCO

Each plug of which is Stamped with

T & B in Bronze.

Our Chewing Tobacco is stamped with

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1894

1895 AN EAGLE YEAR.



1895 AN EAGLE YEAR.

WHY Do competitors bend up steel rims and try to make people believe they are Aluminum?

WHY Do they claim races they never won?

WHY Do they stick a knife in tires of Eagle wheels?

WHY Do Eagle wheels win?

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